

## OFFICE OF THE CITY AUDITOR

REPORT # 2012-10 AUDIT Of the

Richmond Police Department
Police Records Management System (PISTOL)

12 Months ended December 31, 2011

# OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT REPORT

Richmond City Council

#### OFFICE OF THE CITY AUDITOR

900 East Broad Street, 8th Floor Richmond, Virginia 23219

804.646.5616 (tel); 804 646.2230 (fax)

Committed to increasing government efficiency, effectiveness, and accountability on behalf of the Citizens of Richmond.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Executive Summary	i
Comprehensive List of Recommendations	iii
Introduction	1
Background	2
Conclusion	3
Recommendations	4
Management Responses	κA



# Office of the City Auditor

# **Executive Summary**

June 26, 2012

The Honorable Members of the Richmond City Council The Honorable Mayor Dwight C. Jones

#### **Subject: Police Department – PISTOL Records Management System**

The City Auditor's Office has completed an audit of the Police Department's PISTOL Records Management System (PISTOL). PISTOL Records Management System (RMS) is a critical application used to collect, store, and provide access to all of the information gathered by law enforcement personnel.

For the purpose of this report, the auditors classified deficiencies observed based on the following criteria:

*High Risk* - Represents major deficiency resulting in significant level of risk. Immediate management attention is required.

*Medium Risk*-Represents control weakness resulting in an unacceptable level of risk that if left uncorrected may deteriorate to a high risk condition.

Low Risk - Control weakness exists but the resulting exposure is not significant.

Based on the results and findings of the audit methodology employed, auditors concluded that internal controls relevant to PISTOL RMS are adequate and functioning effectively. However, the auditor noted some control deficiencies in our testing. Management attention is required to expediently address all the discrepancies labeled as high and medium risk in the accompanying report.

The City Auditor's Office appreciates the cooperation of the Police Department's staff. Please contact me for questions and comments on this report.

Sincerely,

# Umesh Dalal

Umesh Dalal, CPA, CIA, CIG City Auditor

cc: Mr. Byron C. Marshall, CAO The Richmond City Audit Committee Chief Bryan Norwood

#	COMPREHENSIVE LIST OF RECOMMENDATIONS	PAGE
1	Perform tape backups of the PISTOL RMS application and database on a daily basis.	4
2	The Police Department needs to invest in failover capability for the PISTOL RMS.	4
3	Remove or disable the default System Administrator account if it does not affect the system functionality.	4
4	Restrict the users in "ALLRIGHTS" group to PISTOL RMS Administrator and backups.	5
5	Ensure that MFR functions in the Police cars even if the connection between DEC and the City Hall is lost.	5
6	Turn on password expiration and complexity settings for the PISTOL RMS application.	6
7	Upgrade the PISTOL SQL database to SQL2008.	6
8	Develop performance indicators for  • Average time for resolution of major and minor application issues;  • Number of incidents reopened; and  • Percentage of incidents not resolved within the agreed upon timelines.	7
9	Establish a formal written security policy outlining the approval requirements for granting, modifying and removing access to PISTOL using least privilege principle (minimum level of access).	7
10	Develop policies and procedures requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for PISTOL application users.	7
11	Develop policies and procedures for managing changes, including minor application changes, major application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.	8
12	Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.	8
13	Evaluate the cost-benefit of purchasing the E-Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial, purchase and implement Pistol E-Ticketing module.	8

**City of Richmond Audit Report** 

**Richmond Police Department** 

**Police Records Management System (PISTOL)** 

12 Months ended December 31, 2011

Introduction

The City Auditor's Office has completed an audit of the Police Department's PISTOL Records

Management System (PISTOL). This audit covers the 12-month period ended December 31, 2011. The

audit was conducted in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)

and Control Objectives for Information and related Technology (COBIT) guidelines issued by the

Information Systems Audit and Control Association (ISACA). Those standards provide a reasonable basis

for the conclusions regarding the internal control structure over PISTOL and the recommendations

presented.

Audit Objectives and Methodology

• Determine whether adequate IT general controls for access to programs and data, program changes and

computer operations have been established by management;

Verify compliance with applicable laws and regulations; and

• Determine if PISTOL processing is complete and accurate and supports business operations.

Auditors employed the following methodologies to complete this audit:

• Interviewed relevant personnel;

Reviewed policies and procedures;

• Reviewed system data, configurations, and reports; and

• Conducted other tests, as deemed necessary.

The management of the City of Richmond is responsible for maintaining relevant records and

maintaining a system of internal accounting and management controls. In fulfilling this

responsibility, management is required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of the

control procedures.

Page 1

**City of Richmond Audit Report** 

**Richmond Police Department** 

**Police Records Management System (PISTOL)** 

12 Months ended December 31, 2011

**Background** 

PISTOL Records Management System (RMS) is a critical application used to collect, store, and provide

access to all of the information gathered by law enforcement personnel. PISTOL RMS records and stores

all information gathered during the course of investigating an incident. This information enables the

Police Department to protect the citizens and helps them in the day to day Police activities. It also

promotes the safety of the officers by providing real time information.

The key modules of the PISTOL RMS include, but are not limited to:

• Incident: Allows users to enter and maintain Incident reports taken by the agency and used for State

Incident Based Reporting (IBR)/Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR).

• Warrant: Allows users to manage warrants efficiently within the agency. Many features are

supported, including linking a warrant to an Incident/Investigation case and warrant tracking.

• *Arrest:* Allows users to enter and maintain arrests by agency.

• *Traffic Summons:* Allows users to enter and maintain Citations/Summons issued by the agency.

• Accident: Allows users to gather and print all of the information required on accident reports.

PISTOL RMS is administered by the Technology Division within the Police Department. The Division is

responsible for the day-to-day management of the system, including application administration,

application security, computer operations, and end-user support. The Department of Information

Technology team is responsible for maintaining the support systems (Servers and Database).

PISTOL RMS is a critical system to the Police Department since it is used for the daily operations and

holds the data used for protecting citizens and providing timely information for the safety of the officers.

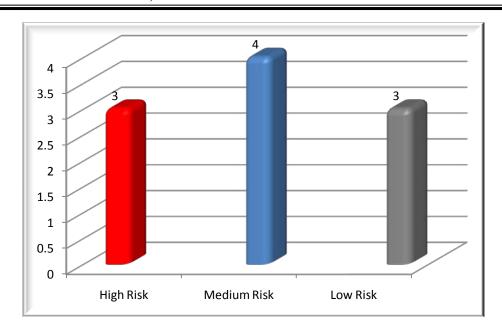
PISTOL RMS data is also used for management reporting and State Incident Based Reporting.

Summary of Findings

The following is a graphical presentation of the level of risk involved for the identified control

weaknesses:

Page 2



#### Legend:

*High Risk* - Represents major deficiency resulting in significant level of risk. Immediate management attention is required.

**Medium Risk-** Represents control weakness resulting in an unacceptable level of risk that if left uncorrected may deteriorate to a high risk condition.

**Low Risk** - Control weakness exists but the resulting exposure is not significant.

#### **Overall Conclusion**

This audit was conducted to evaluate the design and effectiveness of selected internal controls relevant to the PISTOL RMS application. Based on the results and findings of the audit methodology employed, auditors concluded that internal controls relevant to PISTOL RMS are adequate and functioning effectively. However, the auditor noted some control deficiencies in our testing. Management attention is required to expediently address all the discrepancies labeled as high and medium risk.

The following table provides a summary of the findings identified during the audit. The findings are classified into three categories (high, medium and low) based on financial and security risk exposure:

What did the auditors find?	What is the risk?	Recommendation (How to mitigate the risk?)
Lack of daily PISTOL RMS application and database backups:  PISTOL RMS application and database tape backups are not performed except for Tuesdays.  The Federal Information System Controls Audit Manual (FISCAM) recommends routinely copying data files and software and securely storing these files at a remote location to mitigate service interruptions.	Risk Level: High  Without proper application and database tape backups, the Police Department runs the risk of permanently losing the application and data files if the system suffers interruptions.  In case of a major disaster, the Police Department will not be able to recover the critical case files required for police operations.	1. Perform tape backups of the PISTOL RMS application and database on a daily basis.
Lack of PISTOL RMS failover capability:  Currently PISTOL RMS does not have a failover capability.  As per the management, the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system has the failover capability to support 911 calls. In the event of telephone service failure, all calls will be transferred to Henrico County. Should it become necessary to evacuate the communications center, DEC personnel and supervisors will report to Henrico County.	Risk Level: High  Lack of failover could halt or delay police processes due to lack of PISTOL RMS availability and also have the potential to endanger the lives of officers.	2. The Police Department needs to invest in failover capability for the PISTOL RMS.
Excessive administrator access	Risk Level: High	3. Remove or disable

What did the auditors find?	What is the risk?	Recommendation (How to mitigate the risk?)
Administrator privileges provide sensitive access to PISTOL RMS modules and data. Administrator privileges allow users to add or delete other users, assign users to groups, and define rights for security groups.  There are six (6) user accounts belonging to the "ALLRIGHTS" Administrator group that provide them with administrator access privileges to PISTOL RMS application. Also, there is a generic account (System Administrator) with no accountability of ownership.  As recommended by COBIT, user access should be based on a "least privilege" and "need-to-know" basis. This ensures users have adequate access that is specifically and legitimately required for performing their assigned job duties.	Without limiting administrative access to the appropriate individuals, there is a greater chance of unauthorized:  a. Changes to system software, data, modules, or applications.  b. Access to system resources.  c. Changes to system functionality by bypassing segregation of duties, edit checks, creating fictitious accounts and processing payments, etc.  The above situation is undesirable and can be misused; if misused, some or all system processes could be affected, making the system unreliable or unavailable.  Therefore, the risk associated with this finding should be addressed immediately.	the default System Administrator account if it does not affect the system functionality.  4. Restrict the users in "ALLRIGHTS" group to PISTOL RMS Administrator and backups.
Mobile Field Reporting (MFR)will not talk to PISTOL if the network is down:  Police will be able to use MFR functions in vehicles but the information will not be send over to the PISTOL RMS if the network connection between the City and the Division of Emergency Communications (DEC) is lost.	Risk Level: Medium Lack of failover could halt or delay police processes due to lack of System availability.	5. Ensure that MFR functions in the Police cars even if the connection between DEC and the City Hall is lost.

What did the auditors find?	What is the risk?	Recommendation (How to mitigate the risk?)
Inadequate password requirements:  For PISTOL RMS, strong password settings are not enabled such as requiring:  • the passwords to expire after certain number of days to force users to change passwords periodically.  • password complexity (requiring passwords to have uppercase and lowercase characters, special characters, etc.)	Risk Level: Medium  Without strong passwords, there is a greater potential for: a. Gaining unauthorized access to the system by guessing the passwords and masquerading as other users. b. Gaining access to sensitive data and copying them for personal gain or use by another company. c. Making unauthorized	`
PISTOL RMS is supported by a SQL 2000 database. Password requirements cannot be configured on this version of SQL. Upgrading to the latest version of SQL 2008 will allow the above functionality.  COBIT best practices requires control over the IT process of ensuring systems security to safeguard information against unauthorized use, disclosure, modification, damage or loss.	changes to the system software, modules, or applications.  The auditor deemed the risk to be medium as users need to sign on to the City's network prior to accessing the PISTOL RMS application. Also the Pistol RMS application has strong audit logging capability to track changes made by the application users. There is a greater threat with internal users misusing the system weak passwords. Secure passwords are probably more critical for protection from internal threats than external threats.	
System auditing for failed login attempt were not enabled:	Risk Level:	N/A; Management has already turned on the

What did the auditors find?	What is the risk?	Recommendation (How to mitigate the risk?)
System auditing after three failed attempts was not enabled during the audit period. Therefore, the details of the failed attempts to login to the application were not captured.	Medium Without a logging and monitoring function, early prevention and/or detection, and subsequent timely reporting of unusual and/or abnormal activities that may need to be addressed cannot be performed.	system auditing for failed login attempts for the PISTOL system.
<ul> <li>Lack of performance measures</li> <li>Key performance indicators are not developed for <ul> <li>Average time for resolution of major and minor application issues</li> <li>Number of incidents reopened</li> <li>Percentage of incidents not resolved within the agreed upon timelines.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Risk Level: Medium Without performance indicators management cannot access, review, analyze business strategies, capabilities and technology and act upon to deliver positive results towards improving performance.	<ul> <li>8. Develop performance indicators for</li> <li>Average time for resolution of major and minor application issues;</li> <li>Number of incidents reopened; and</li> <li>Percentage of incidents not resolved within the agreed upon timelines.</li> </ul>
Lack of security policies and procedures:  Management has not documented and communicated security policies and procedures that provide the overall framework for managing PISTOL security and guidelines for enforcing information security controls.  The security policies and procedures should include coverage of the following areas:  1. The process and associated roles and responsibilities for requesting	When user account management and authentication policies for granting, modifying, removing or authenticating access to the PISTOL are not set forth and therefore not communicated to all stake holders, there is a potential for allowing users to have inappropriate access to information, applications, and infrastructure that are not required for their job responsibilities.	9. Establish a formal written security policy outlining the approval requirements for granting, modifying and removing access to PISTOL using least privilege principle (minimum level of access).  10. Develop policies and procedures requiring the use of logical access authentication

and approving user access to PISTOL.  2. The process and associated roles and responsibilities for terminating access to PISTOL and general support systems.  3. The process and associated roles and responsibilities to review user access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and  b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  Were access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  Prist is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  Lack of policies and procedures for managing PISTOL changes could lead to unauthorized changes or inadequately tested changes or		What did the auditors find?	What is the risk?	Recommendation (How
2. The process and associated roles and responsibilities for terminating access to PISTOL and general support systems.  3. The process and associated roles and responsibilities to review user access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes and procedures for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  **West access needs to be monitored:**  **West access needs to be monitored:**  **Private to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  **Private to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  **Private to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  **Private to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  **Private to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  **Private to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to the system.**  **Private to perform periodic review of user access to periodic review of data and information.**  **Private to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to the system.**  **Private to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Private to perform periodic review o		and approving user access to		to mitigate the risk?) controls through the
and responsibilities for terminating access to PISTOL and general support systems.  3. The process and associated roles and responsibilities to review user access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and procedures for testing and esting minor application fixes and procedures for testing and esting minor application fixes and procedures for testing and esting minor application fixes and procedures for testing and esting minor application fixes and product releases.  **Wer access needs to be monitored:**  **West access needs to be monitored:**  **Brillure to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  **This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **Brillure to perform periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  **This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **Brillure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **Brillure to perform periodic review of user access to product access to the system.**  **This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **Brillure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **Brillure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **Brillure to perform periodic review of user access to the s		PISTOL.	Lack of policies and procedures	assignment of
and responsibilities for terminating access to PISTOL and general support systems.  3. The process and associated roles and responsibilities to review user access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and procedures for testing and crequesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes and procedures for testing and change request document.  **Risk Level: Low**  **Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.**  **In procetor and prosedures for managing changes, including minor application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **In Develop policies and procedures for managing changes, including minor application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **Bisk Level: Low**  **Risk Level: Low**  **Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.**  **In Develop policies and procedures for managing changes, including minor application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **In Develop policies and procedures for testing and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and serions takes to access to the system.  **In Develop policies*  **In Develop policies*  **In Develop	2.	The process and associated roles	for managing PISTOL changes	unique user IDs and
support systems.  3. The process and associated roles and responsibilities to review user access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and  b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Nanual process to be deployed to production.  11. Develop policies and procedures for managing changes, including minor application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  Risk Level: Low  Failure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.		and responsibilities for terminating	could lead to unauthorized	strong passwords
3. The process and associated roles and responsibilities to review user access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and  b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  11. Develop policies and procedures for managing changes, including minor application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  8 Risk Level: Low  Failure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  13. Evaluate the cost-benefit of purchasing the E-likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.		access to PISTOL and general	changes or inadequately tested	for PISTOL
3. The process and associated roles and responsibilities to review user access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and  b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  11. Develop policies and procedures for managing changes, including minor application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  8 Risk Level: Low  Failure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  13. Evaluate the cost-benefit of purchasing the E-likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.		support systems.	changes to be deployed to	application users.
and responsibilities to review user access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and  b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **Risk Level: Low**  **Risk Level: Low**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Risk Level: Low**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to the system.**  **Pailure to perform period	3.			* *
access rights to the PISTOL and general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and b. The final disposition of exceptions; 4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  ### Level: Low    Risk Level: Low   12. Document the results of the periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  ### E-Ticketing module not purchased:    Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.   If the cost is		•		* *
general support systems. The review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  **User access needs to be monitored:**  **Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  **E-Ticketing module not purchased:**  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  including minor application changes, and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **Risk Level: Low**  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.**  **Including minor application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **Document the results of the periodic review of reviews increases the risk that individuals have unauthorized access to the system.**  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  **E-Ticketing module not**  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.**  In likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.*  **Including application changes and software releases.*  **Including application changes and software releases.*  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to the system.*		1		_
review should include:  a. A log of any exceptions noted; and  b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  **User access needs to be monitored:**  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  **E-Ticketing module not purchased:**  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **Brikk Level: Low**  **Level: Low**  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **The final disposition of application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **A Security policy requiring the use of logical access to the should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Pistol e-		_		
a. A log of any exceptions noted; and b. The final disposition of exceptions; 4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL. 5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  User access needs to be monitored:  User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process to the system.  Schanges, major application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  I sevel to the procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  I sevel to testing and veceiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.				_
and b. The final disposition of exceptions; 4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL. 5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  ### City Company		a. A log of any exceptions noted;		
b. The final disposition of exceptions;  4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  Were access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Namual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  13. Evaluate the costbenefit of purchasing the E-Ticketing module. If the cost is		• • •		
exceptions; 4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.   User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  Risk Level: Low periodic review of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  It is should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.		b. The final disposition of		
4. A security policy requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  A security policy requiring the use should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  I should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.		•		releases. This
of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  Were access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  Risk Level: Low  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their	4.	•		should include
controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  **User access needs to be monitored:**  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **E-Ticketing module not purchased:**  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **Ticketing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.  **This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **Risk Level: Low**  **Isk Level: Low**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module.**  **Isk Level: Low**  **Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.**  **Isk Level: Low**  **Ticketing module.**  **Isk Level: Low**  **Isk Level: Low**  **Ticketing module.**  **Ticketi				procedures for
unique user IDs and strong passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  Risk Level: Low  Failure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  I the cost is		_		_
passwords for all users of PISTOL.  5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  **User access needs to be monitored:**  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  **E-Ticketing module not purchased:**  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Associated roles for request document are supported by a change request document.  **Bisk Level: Low**  **Low**  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  **E-Ticketing module not purchased:**  **Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their*  **Associated roles for are supported by a change request document.  **Associated roles for are supported by a change request document.  **Associated roles for are supported by a change request document.  **Associated roles for request document.  **Associated roles for are supported by a change request document.  **Associated roles for reviews document.  **Pailure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  **Associated roles for request document.  **Associated roles for reviews increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  **Associated roles for reviews for results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  **Associated roles for reviews for reviews increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  **Associated roles for reviews for reviews increases the risk that individuals have unauthorized access to the system.  **Associated roles for reviews for reviews increases the risk that individuals have unauthorized access to the system.  **Associated roles for reviews for reviews for reviews increases the risk that indivi				_
5. The process and associated roles for requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  **West access needs to be monitored:**  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.**  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.**  **E-Ticketing module not purchased:**  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**  **Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their**		-		
requesting, tracking, approving and testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  Were access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  Pisk Level: Low  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  If the cost is	5.	•		are supported by a
testing minor application fixes, major application fixes and product releases.  User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  Risk Level: Low  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  13. Evaluate the cost-benefit of purchasing the E-Ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their		-		
major application fixes and product releases.  User access needs to be monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  Risk Level: Low  Failure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  13. Evaluate the costbenefit of purchasing the E-Ticketing module. If the cost is				
This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Priodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is that individuals have unauthorized access to the system.  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  12. Document the results of the periodic review of user access to user access to user access to the system.  PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  13. Evaluate the costbenefit of purchasing the E-likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  Ticketing module. If the cost is				
monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  results of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  13. Evaluate the cost-benefit of purchasing the E-likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  I the cost is				
monitored:  Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Failure to perform periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  Iresults of the periodic review of user access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.	Us	ser access needs to be	Risk Level: Low	12. Document the
Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Periodic review of the defined user reviews increases the risk that individuals have unauthorized access to the system.  PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  It that individuals have unauthorized access to the system.  13. Evaluate the cost-benefit of purchasing the E-Ticketing module. If the cost is	me	onitored:		results of the
Periodic review of the defined user groups and user access to PISTOL is performed but not documented.  This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  reviews increases the risk that individuals have unauthorized access to the system.  PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  Ticketing module. If the cost is			Failure to perform periodic	periodic review of
that individuals have unauthorized access to the system.  PISTOL and actions taken to address the issues, if any.	Per	riodic review of the defined user		user access to
This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  System.  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  If the cost is	_	•		PISTOL and
This is a prudent practice to assure security of data and information.  E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  If the cost is	per	formed but not documented.	unauthorized access to the	actions taken to
E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  If any.  13. Evaluate the cost-benefit of purchasing the E-likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  If the cost is	Th	is is a prudent practice to assure	system.	address the issues,
E-Ticketing module not purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Risk Level: Low  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  13. Evaluate the costbenefit of purchasing the E-likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  If the cost is				if any.
purchased:  Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  benefit of purchasing the E-likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  If the cost is			Risk Level: Low	13. Evaluate the cost-
Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  Manual process increases the likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  If the cost is		e	TUBE DO TOTAL	benefit of
Pistol e-ticketing module allows the officers to enter summons on their  likelihood of data inaccuracies and inefficiencies.  Ticketing module.  If the cost is	Pu	i ciwocu.	Manual process increases the	purchasing the E-
officers to enter summons on their and inefficiencies.  If the cost is	Pic	tol e-ticketing module allows the	•	•
			and inefficiencies.	•
1 /1 1		obile Data Computers, print the e-		beneficial, purchase

What did the auditors find?	What is the risk?	Recommendation (How to mitigate the risk?)
ticket for the citizen, and then transmit		and implement
the summons to Pistol for electronic submission to the courts. This module was not purchased and the information has to be manually keyed into the system.		Pistol E-Ticketing module.

# MANAGEMENT RESPONSE FORM RICHMOND POLICE DEPARTMENT

#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS
1	Perform tape backups of the PISTOL RMS	Υ	
	application and database on a daily basis.		
10 Y . F . F . T . 10	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
22.23.23	DIT DBA		1-Jun-12
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
			DIT is currently performing daily backups of the
			PISTOL RMS application and database using
			CommVault. They perform a full backup once a
			week and incremental backups daily. The
			CommVault backups go to disk, then from disk to
			tape. See Attachment 1.
			iupe. See Autuenment 1.
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS
2	The Police Department needs to invest in failover	Y	RPD has the intention of purchasing new application
	capability for the PISTOL RMS.		and database servers and SQL software in the
			beginning of FY13 to include a second system to be
			installed at Police HQ for replication to provide
			failover for the PISTOL RMS. Target date is
			contingent on all purchase requisitions being
			approved expeditiously.
			арргочей ехрейшойѕіу.
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator		30-Jun-13
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS
3	Remove or disable the default System Administrator account if it does not affect the system functionality.	Y	Disable System Administrator account
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		20-Jun-12 IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
	IF IN FRUGRESS, EAFLAIN ANY DELAYS		
			System Administrator account has been disabled.
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR	ACTION STEPS
4	Restrict the users in "ALLRIGHTS" group to	Y-N Y	Remove TuttlePC from ''ALLRIGHTS''group.
	PISTOL RMS Administrator and backups.	'	Remove fumer C from ALLMOIII 5 group.
	н 151 од киз ланинзи шог ини ойскирs.		
E	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator	-:-::-::-:	20-Jun-12
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
			Removed user TUTTLEPC from
			"ALLRIGHTS" group leaving PISTOL RMS
			Administrator, RPD head of IT, vendor account,
			and 2 backups
			μιτα Δ υμοκαρδ
Ancarolina interior			

#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS
5	Ensure that MFR functions in the Police cars even if the connection between DEC and the City Hall is lost.	Y	
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator		6/1/2012
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
			MFR does currently function in the police cars with or without a network connection. If the MDTs do not have network capability, the officers can write reports in an OFFLINE mode then submit them via WIFI at the city's wireless hotspots or save them on a usb drive and upload them onto a precinct machine for supervisor review.
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS
6	Turn on password expiration and complexity settings for the PISTOL RMS application.	Y	Inform all PISTOL users that password complexity and expiration settings will be enabled as of 1/1/2013. Put changes into place in PISTOL System Configuration.
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
			1-Jan-13
	RMS System Operations Administrator IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
	IF INTROGRESS, EATERIN ANT DEEATS		IF INITEMENTED, DETAILS OF INITEMENTATION
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS
7	Upgrade the PISTOL SQL database to SQL2008.	Y	RPD has the intention of purchasing new application and database hardware and software to include SQL2008 in beginning of FY13. Install and implementation should be completed by target date.
1.1.1.2.1.1	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator	1	30-Jun-13
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS
8	Develop performance indicators for	Y	RPD will develop a new comprehensive system
	• Average time for resolution of major and minor		administration manual for the PISTOL records
	application issues;		management system and issue related general
	• Number of incidents reopened; and		orders. RPD will include performance
	• Percentage of incidents not resolved within the agreed upon timelines.		indicators and tracking for vendor response in the new RMS administration policy.
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator		1-Jan-13
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION

#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR	ACTION STEPS
	Establish a formal written security policy outlining the approval requirements for granting, modifying and removing access to PISTOL using least privilege principle (minimum level of access).		RPD will develop a new comprehensive system administration manual for the PISTOL records management system and issue related general orders. RPD will develop and include a formal security policy for user access to PISTOL in the RMS administration policy and draft a General Order for approval and dissemination of this policy to all Personnel.
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator		1-Jan-13
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,
	DECOLO CENTO A CALON	CONCUR	ACTION STEPS
#	RECOMMENDATION	Y-N	ACTION STEPS
	Develop policies and procedures requiring the use of logical access authentication controls through the assignment of unique user IDs and strong passwords for PISTOL application users.		RPD will develop a new comprehensive system administration manual for the records management system and issue related general orders. RPD will include the policies and procedures for access authentication controls in the RMS administration manual and draft a General Order for approval and dissemination of this policy to all Personnel. Policy and G.O. should be issued by target date.
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator		1-Jan-13
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS
	Develop policies and procedures for managing changes, including minor application changes, major application changes and software releases. This should include procedures for testing and receiving proper authorization and are supported by a change request document.		RPD will develop a new comprehensive system administration manual for the records management system and issue related general orders. RPD will include the policies and procedures for change control in the RMS administration manual. Policy should be issued by target date.
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator		1-Jan-13
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
		GOV	A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR Y-N	ACTION STEPS

12		Υ	RPD will develop a new comprehensive system
			administration manual for the records
			management system and issue related general
			-
			orders. RPD will include the policies and
	Document the results of the periodic review of user		procedures for audit reviews in the RMS
	access to PISTOL and actions taken to address the		administration manual. Policy should be issued
			by target date.
	issues, if any.		• •
	TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		TARGET DATE
	RMS System Operations Administrator		1-Jan-13
	IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS		IF IMPLEMENTED, DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION
#	RECOMMENDATION	CONCUR	ACTION STEPS
#	RECOMMENDATION		ACHONSIEIS
		Y-N	
13	Evaluate the cost- benefit of purchasing the E-		RPD will complete a cost/benefit analysis to
13	Evaluate the cost- benefit of purchasing the E-Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial,	Υ	RPD will complete a cost/benefit analysis to determine feasibility of implementing E-
13	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Υ	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
13	Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial,	Υ	determine feasibility of implementing E-
13	Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial, purchase and implement Pistol E-Ticketing	Υ	determine feasibility of implementing E-
13	Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial, purchase and implement Pistol E-Ticketing module.	Υ	determine feasibility of implementing E-Ticketing.
13	Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial, purchase and implement Pistol E-Ticketing module.  TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON	Υ	determine feasibility of implementing E-Ticketing.  TARGET DATE
13	Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial, purchase and implement Pistol E-Ticketing module.  TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON  RMS System Operations Administrator	Υ	determine feasibility of implementing E-Ticketing.  TARGET DATE  1-Jan-13
13	Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial, purchase and implement Pistol E-Ticketing module.  TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON  RMS System Operations Administrator IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS	Υ	determine feasibility of implementing E-Ticketing.  TARGET DATE  1-Jan-13
13	Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial, purchase and implement Pistol E-Ticketing module.  TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON  RMS System Operations Administrator  IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS  RPD has received quote from our vendor for purchase - initial cost not including supplies	Υ	determine feasibility of implementing E-Ticketing.  TARGET DATE  1-Jan-13
13	Ticketing module. If the cost is beneficial, purchase and implement Pistol E-Ticketing module.  TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON  RMS System Operations Administrator  IF IN PROGRESS, EXPLAIN ANY DELAYS  RPD has received quote from our vendor for	Υ	determine feasibility of implementing E-Ticketing.  TARGET DATE  1-Jan-13