RVAgreen 2050 Buildings & Energy Working Group

November 18, 2020





Equitable climate action for a healthy and resilient Richmond

Agenda

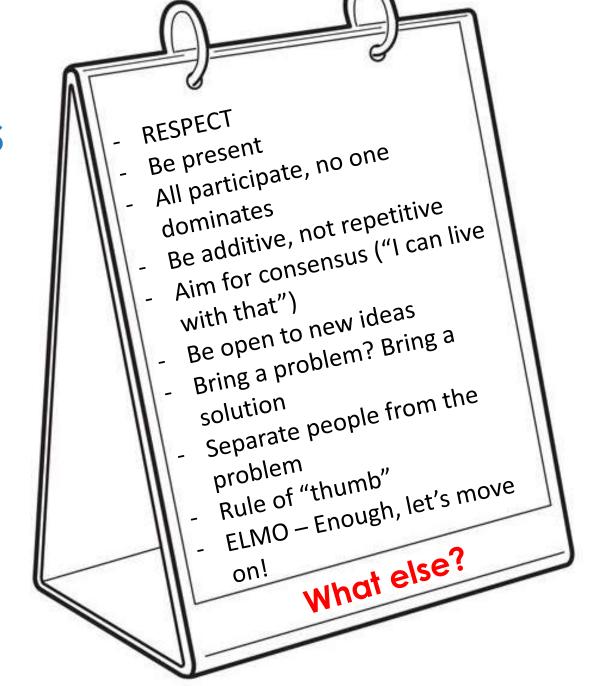


- Ground rules
- What is RVAgreen 2050?
- Icebreaker! Getting to know each other
- Presentation: Setting the stage for equitable climate action & resilience
- Logistics and next steps

Who is here?

Name...Organization...Richmond Neighborhood

Ground Rules / Group Expectations



Sustainability Accomplishments

Developed 2011 Green Government Order

Virainia Municipal Leaaue Green Government Challenge – Platinum Award



Equity Index to identify neighborhoods most

impacted by climate

Developed Climate

change

Sustainability

Developed Sustainable and Green Purchasing Policy

2016 Mayor's Climate **Protection Awards**

1st Place – Large City Category

Helped city buildings achieve LEED certification via renewable energy credits



SolSmart Silver Certification and Special Recognition -Inspection Category

Worked with VA Clean Cities to conduct Green Fleet **Analysis** & develop **Green Fleet Report**

2010

Manager

appointed

2011

2012

Developed City's first

sustainability plan

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

Conducted climate and energy

modeling to support RVAgreen 2050

2019

Helped create **Richmond Grows** Gardens

Released 2008 Greenhouse Gas Inventory



UII Vision Award – Best Example of Public Policy RVAgreen Sustainability Plan

> Founding partner to help create Beautiful RVA



Governor's **Environmental Excellence Gold** Award **UCI Road World** Championships



Conducted Urban Heat Island (UHI) Study & UHI **Vulnerability** Assessment

Secured \$152,000 in technical assistance to support RVAgreen 2050

> **Net Zero** Resolution adopted:

Oversaw sustainability efforts for 2015 Road World Cycling ReCycling eco-label-first ever

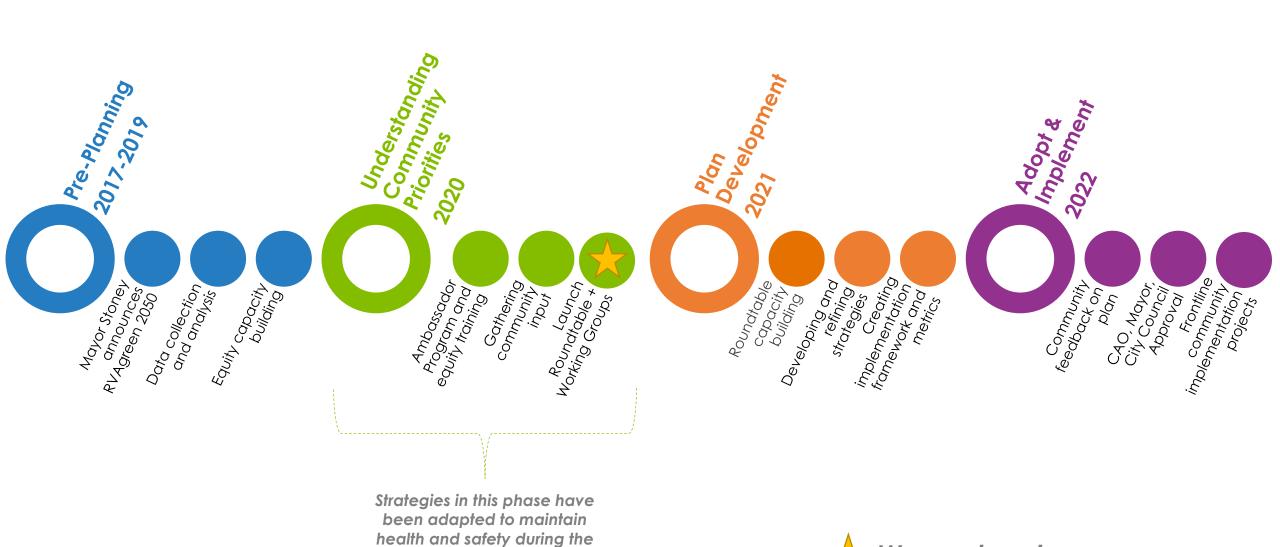




Championships-achieved UCI for this event in its history

RVAgreen 2050 inclusive community engagement process

RVAgreen 2050 Process



COVID-19 pandemic

We are here!

Planning Process Groups - Roles

Frontline
Community
Leaders
(Roundtable)

- Help the City center equity in the planning process and elevate frontline community voices
- •Share lived experience to inform and guide process and provide recommendations
- •Serve as liaisons to ensure community needs and assets are integrated into planning process

Working Groups

- Provide topical expertise on RVAgreen 2050 goals and strategies to Roundtable
- Assist with translating community priorities into equitable climate action and resilience strategies

Sustainability Office

- Primary convener
- Bridge between community and City
- Support community leaders to navigate current systems and identify leverage points for change

Third Parties

- Facilitator for Roundtable
- Equity coach/consultant and technical consultants for Office of Sustainability staff
- Local universities research, documentation, process evaluation support



Buildings & Energy

"Accelerate the transition to healthy, resilient, zero-carbon buildings and equitable energy sources"

Technical

Working

Groups

- CHP (private industry)
- Bldg Weatherization
- Code Enforcement
- Streetlight Upgrade
- EV/Solar Readiness Requirements
- Renewable Energy (private vs. municipal)
- Existing Bldg Performance Codes and Standards
- Industrial Energy Efficiency
- Benchmark Govt Bldgs
- Benchmark Private Bldgs
- · Private Bldg Energy Retrofits
- Govt Bldg Energy Retrofits
- Water/Wastewater Efficiency Upgrades (incl. built water/stormwater/wastewater infrastructure)
- Decarbonization thru Local Codes
- Performance-Based Procurement (Govt Bldgs)
- Grid/Energy Security and Resilience
- Reduce Natural Gas Leakage
- Green Building Standards
- Anaerobic Digester Upgrade



Transportation & Land Use

 "Accelerate the transition to clean, and equitable mobility systems"

topics:

- · Transit-Oriented Development
- EV Charging Intrastructure. Education, Incentives
- EV Market Transformation Programs
- Low Emissions Zones /
- Congestion Pricing
- Expand Public Transit
- · Electrify City Fleet
- Electrify GRTC
- Electrify private vehicles
- · Bike / Pedestrian Networks (Active Transportation)
- Parking Managemen
- Land Use (incl. zoning) for renewables like groundmount)
- Densification
- · Shared mobility
- Autonomous vehicles
- · Ridesharing and Ridehailing services



Waste

"Eliminate our dependency on landfill disposal and foster sustainable consumption habits"

topics:

- Recycling
- Composting
- Anaerobic Digester Upgrade
- Circular Economy
- Zero waste
- Solid waste management
- Waste reduction
- Consumption



Community

'Create an equitable, healthy, prosperous, and resilient Richmond for all while ensuring focus and honoring community priorities"

topics:

- Workforce development programs (incl. well-paying, sustainable jobs)
- Cooling infrastructure
- Local energy resource centers
- · Community resilience hubs
- Disaster risk management / warning
- Local healthy food systems (incl. food access, gardens)
- Equitable engagement and communication (incl. listening to community leaders. addressing immediate needs, and maintaining and building relationships)
- Government accountability
- Beautiful and safe neighborhoods (incl. beautification, litter prevention, green space, sidewalks)
- Affordable infrastructure
- Physical and mental health
- Multicultural communications
- Income and racial equity
- Money saving
- Youth
- Displacement and aging in place; shelter
- Homeownership and wealth building
- Violence and public safety
- Clean water, clean air
- Making sustainability relevant to all communities and ensuring it reaches all communities



Environment

*Invest in Ecosystem Resilience, Regeneration, and Conservation

topics:

- · UHI reduction, more green, less paved
- Green space and tree canopy protection/ development
- Env. protected/sensitive areas/zoning
- Stormwater infrastructure - GI
- Water quality and conservation
- Biodiversity

Icebreaker

• **Breakout rooms:** What motivates you to help make Richmond more equitable, healthy and resilient?

Reminder: <u>shorturl.at/vCKPU</u> and update your contact info!



Presentation:

Setting the Stage for Equitable Climate Action & Resilience



What is climate action and resilience planning?

Traditional approach:



RVAgreen 2050 - Integrated approach:





What is Climate Change?

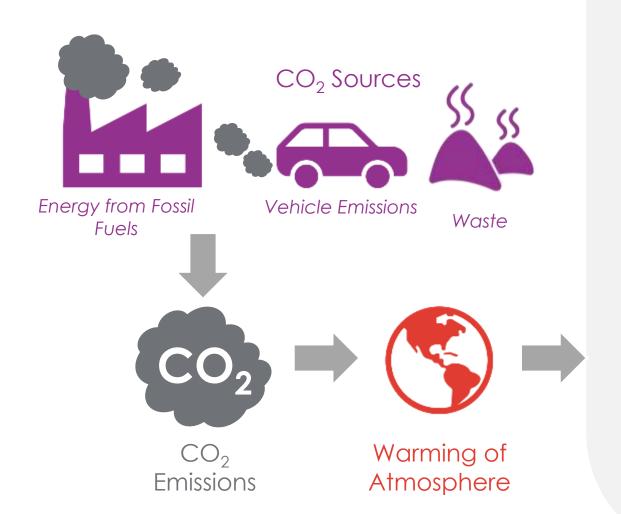


Climate change is a shift in the long-term, average weather pattern



Human-caused emissions—especially from burning fossil fuels—are driving climate change

Climate Change = **Climate Impacts**



Climate Impacts





Extreme Heat Extreme Precipitation Rising Sea Level

Climate Shocks

Floods

Storms



Climate Risks

Residents



Community



Public Safety Public Health Physical Damage Displacement

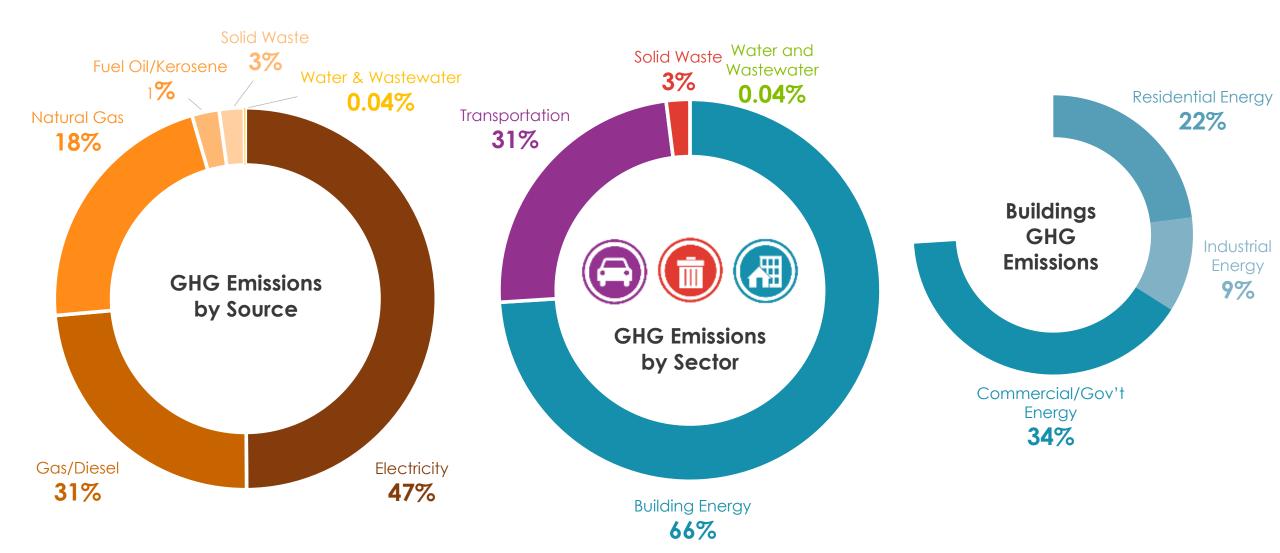
Government



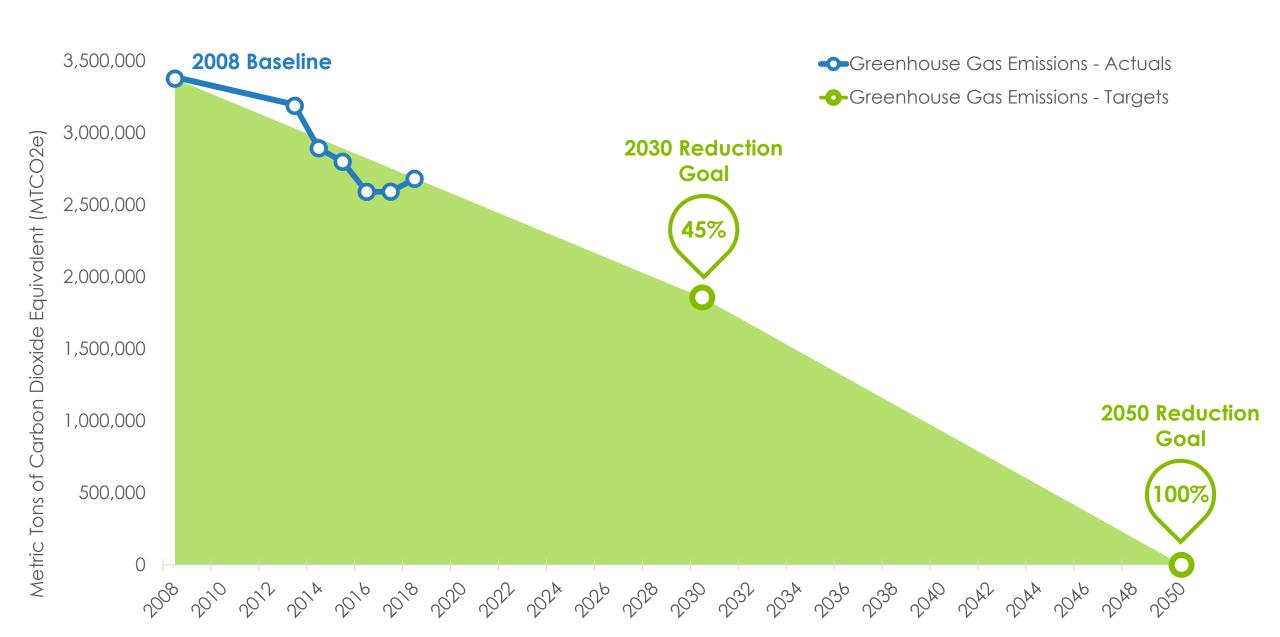
Public Safety Core Services Education Poverty Mitigation Financial/Credit Risk



Richmond Community GHG Emissions



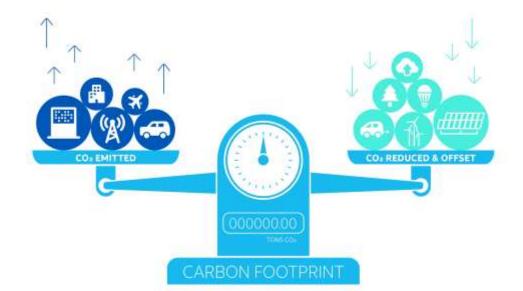
Citywide GHG Emissions and Targets



What is Carbon Neutrality?

Emissions produced from energy supply + buildings + transportation + waste

emissions captured locally + emissions offset

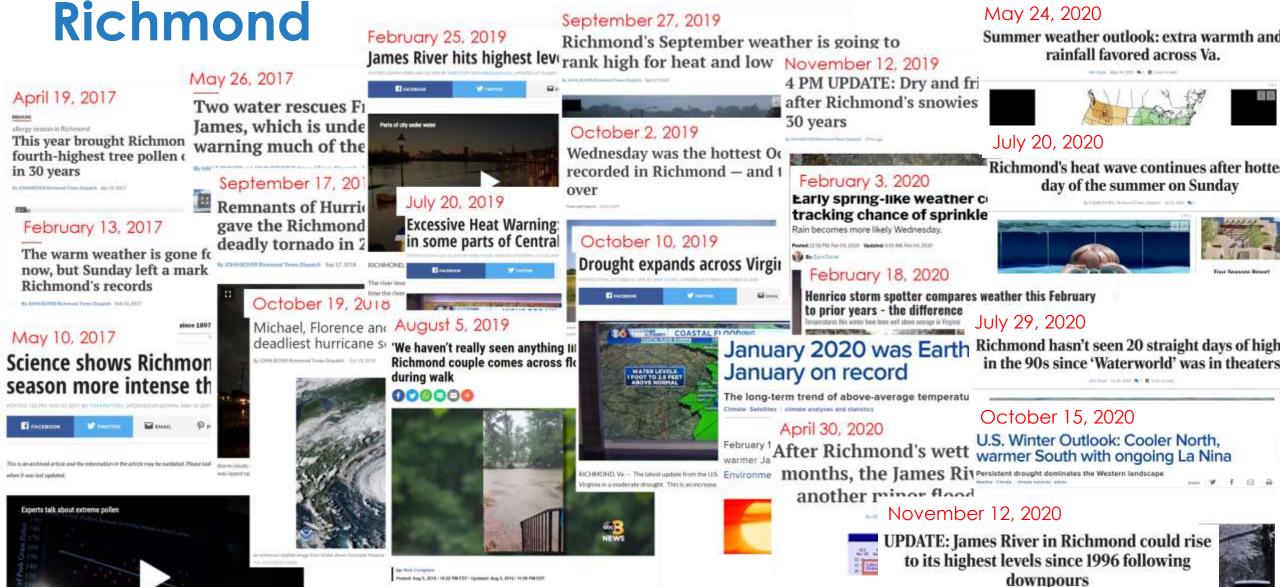




Equitable climate action for a healthy and resilient Richmond



Climate Change is Already Impacting



Richmond's Future Weather

	Daily Temperature Maximum	Hot Days	Extended Heat Waves	Days with Over 1" Rainfall
2041-2060 Tomorrow	75°F	45 Above 95°F	20 3-Day Periods	8.8 Per year
1987-2017 Today	70°F	Above 95°F	3-Day Periods	8.3 Per year
1950-1980 Yesterday	69°F	Above 95°F	3-Day Periods	7 7 Per year

Climate Change Risks

Climate Impacts





Extreme Heat
Extreme Precipitation
Rising Sea Level

Climate Shocks





Floods Storms



Climate Change Risks

Residents

Safety Health Economic Burden Food Insecurity

Community

Public Safety
Public Health
Physical Damage
Displacement

Government

Core Services
Public Safety
Financial/Credit Risk

Government

Education Poverty Mitigation



Injury/death
Illness/chronic conditions
Property damage/loss
Displacement
High energy bills
Higher food prices/food unavailable

Loss of life
Critical emergency provisions
jeopardized (medical, water, food,
shelter, etc.)
Population displacement

Population loss

Service delivery delay/disruption
Transportation/infrastructure assets
damaged/destroyed
Communication networks impaired
Strain on financial resources

Schools closed/disrupted
Job disruption/loss
Property damage/loss



Climate Change Affects Some More Than Others

Root Causes

Racial segregation

Poverty

Income inequality

Lack of living wages

Gaps in educational opportunities and attainment

Concentrated neighborhood disinvestment

Political disenfranchisement and low social capital

Increased neighborhood violence and crime

Social Factors

Ability to afford basic necessities and resources

Access to affordable and quality housing

Access to reliable and affordable transportation

Access to affordable health care

Access to green spaces, green infrastructure, and tree cover

Linguistic isolation

Social cohesion

Residential location

Biological Factors

Age

Chronic and acute illnesses

Mental and physical disabilities

Overall health status

Increased
Sensitivity to
Climate Change

Source: Government Alliance for Racial Equity (modified)

Race, Income & Disproportionate Climate Impacts

Low-income populations and communities of color are more likely to...



live in areas with less greenspace and are more vulnerable to respiratory and heat related illnesses



lack access to energy efficient housing and often are disproportionately impacted by high energy bills



be impacted by extreme weather events as a result of climate change



live in neighborhoods that lack convenient access to transit, or safe walking and biking options

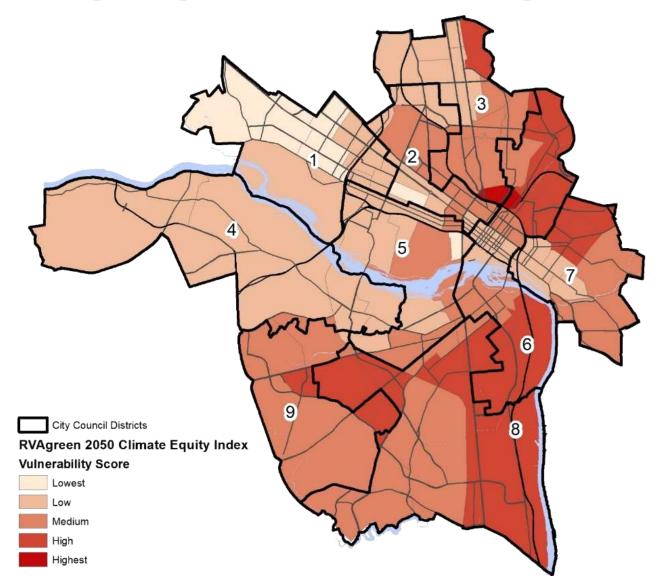


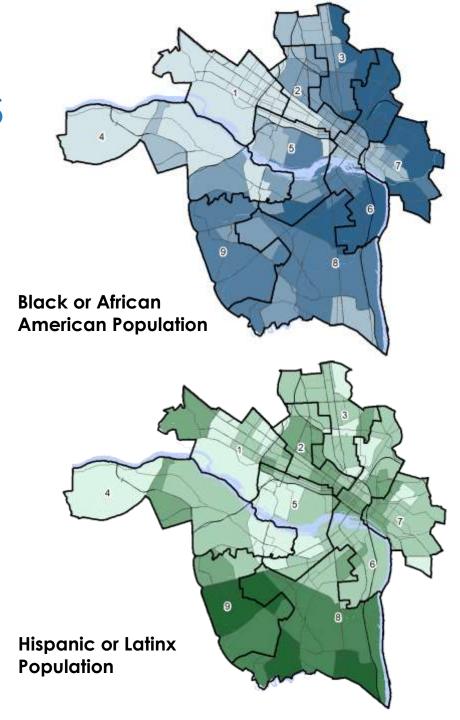
live in housing without air conditioning and are more vulnerable to heat related and respiratory illnesses and death

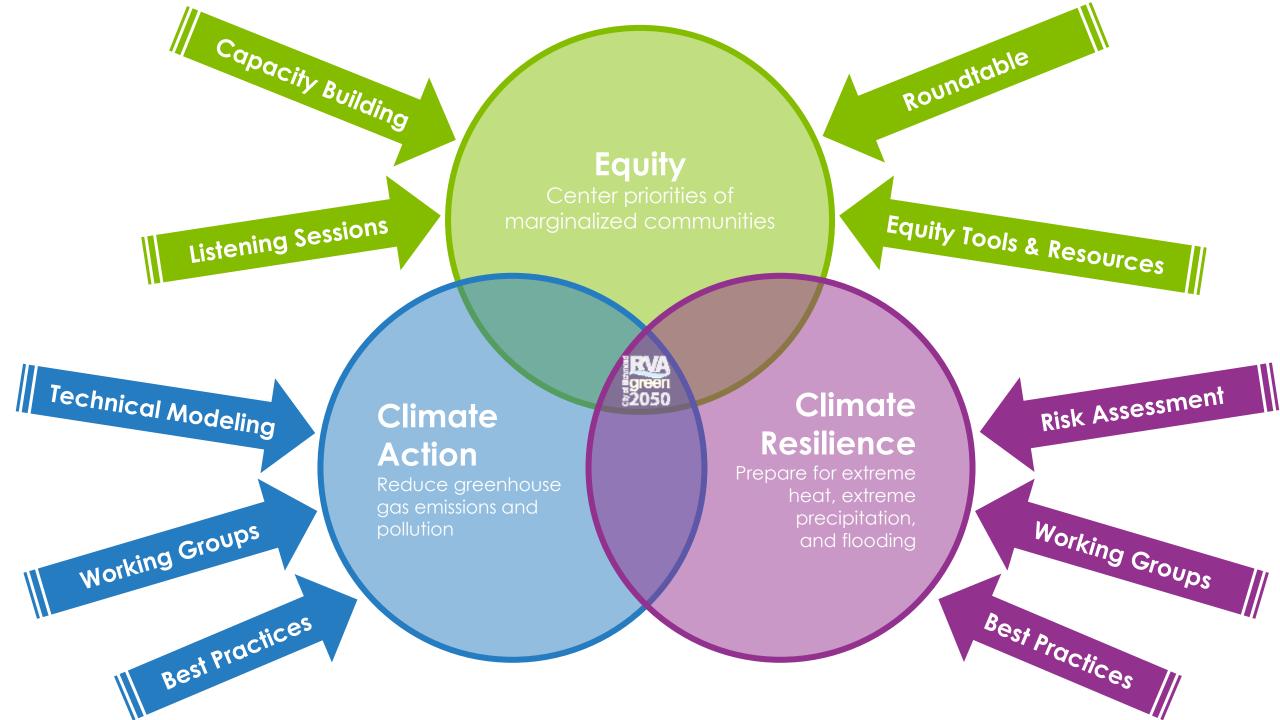


be exposed to pollution and airborne allergens and are more vulnerable to asthma and other respiratory illnesses

People of color face disproportionate impacts







Nexus Example



Universal Goal, Targeted Actions

Our **targeted universal strategy** is inclusive of the needs of both dominant and marginalized groups but pays particular attention to the situation of the marginalized group.

Universal Goal: Equitable climate action for a healthy and resilient Richmond Inequity Equity

Opportunities for Some, Barriers for Others

Tailored Opportunities for All



Source: Kapwa Consulting; John Powell, Hass Institute; City of Portland, OR (modified)

People-Centered Approach



We are using the Virginia Community Voice Blueprint to guide our efforts to engage and equip Richmonders in this process, particularly frontline communities.

Our approach begins with the identification of issues faced on a personal level and explores creative solutions that will best suit an individual's needs.

Understanding
Community
Priorities

Listen: Identify community strengths and challenges

Connect: Organize

people around key

issues

organizations (virtual)
Gathering existing communitybased plans, surveys, etc.

Listening sessions w/ frontline

- Virtual Ambassador Program
- Community survey
- Roundtable
- Topical working groups

Plan Development Craft: Collaborate on equitable solutions

Reflect: Gather feedback for impact and improvement

- Frontline community workshops
- Communitywide input Sessions
- Mid-process equity assessment
- Final equity assessment
- Racial equity-specific indicators

Centering Equity

Source: Government Alliance on Race and Equity; Desiree Williams-Rajee, Kapwa Consulting (modified)

Racial and Socio-Economic Equity

Make a commitment to correct past harms and prevent future unintended consequences

Address the underlying structural and institutional systems that are the root causes of social and racial inequities

Procedural

Create processes that are transparent, fair, and inclusive in developing and implementing any program, plan, or policy

Ensure that all people are treated openly and fairly

Increase the civic engagement opportunities of communities that are disproportionately impacted by climate change

Distributional

Fairly distribute resources, benefits, and burdens

Prioritize resources for communities that experience the greatest inequities, disproportionate impacts, and have the greatest unmet needs

Structural

Closing the gaps so race and economic status can no longer be used to predict life outcomes and outcomes for all groups are improved Centering Community
Priorities & Lived Experience







Our Toolbox...



A Next Step in City Planning

RVAgreen Sustainability Plan

2012



2013

Richmond Connects Strategic Multimodal **Transportation** Plan

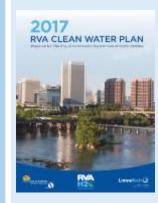
Recommends strategies for a multimodal transportation system for the city RICHMOND



2017

RVAH2O Clean Water Plan

Sets goals for reducing pollution and floodina



2018

Vision 7ero Action Plan



Establishes strategies to address safety on city streets with a goal to eliminate fatalities and serious injuries by 2030



2020

Richmond Regional Housing Framework

Establishes a vision where everyone has a stable, healthy, and affordable place to call home





Richmond 300 Master Plan

RICHMOND A GUIDE FOR GROWTH

Establishes a vision for growth and outlines placed-based policy recommendations to guide physical development



2020

Net 7ero Resolution

Sets goals to achieve net zero emissions by 2050, and prepare for, adapt, and improve resilience to local climate change impacts through an equity-centered climate action and resilience plan



BY 2050

2022

RVAgreen 2050 Roadmap

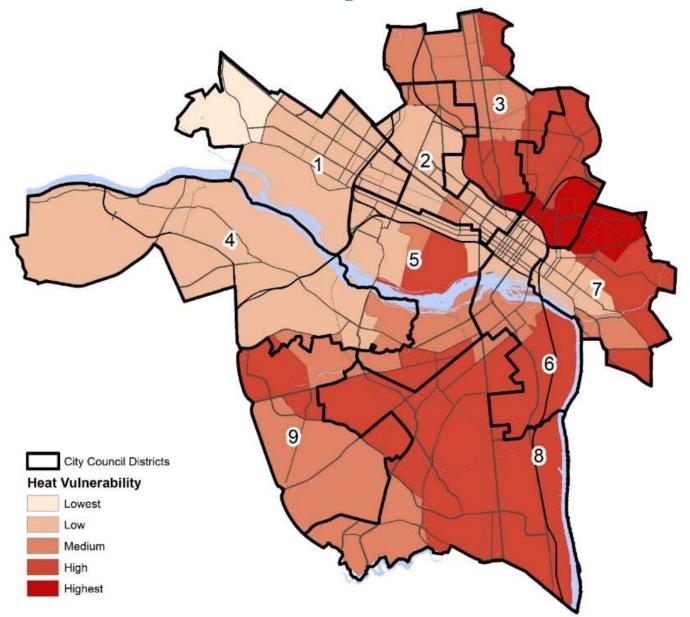
RVAgreen 2050 is the city's equity-centered climate action and resilience plan



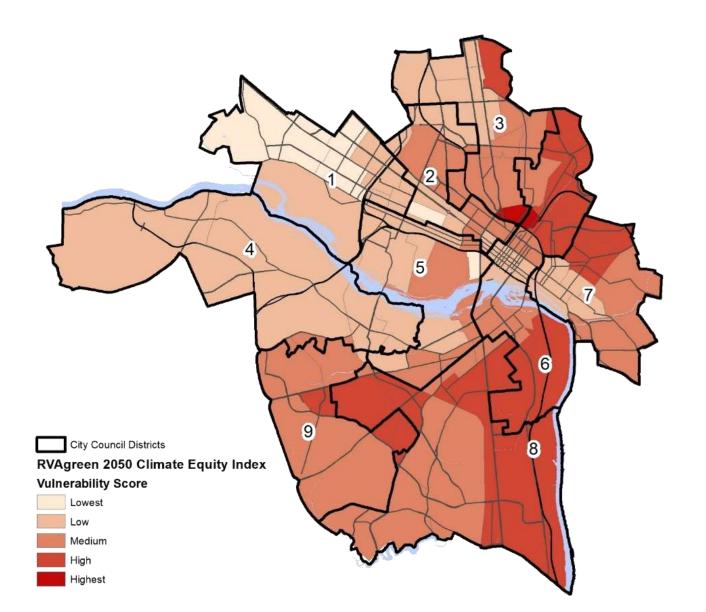
RVAgreen 2050 is equitable climate action for a healthy and resilient **Richmond**



Urban Heat Vulnerability Assessment

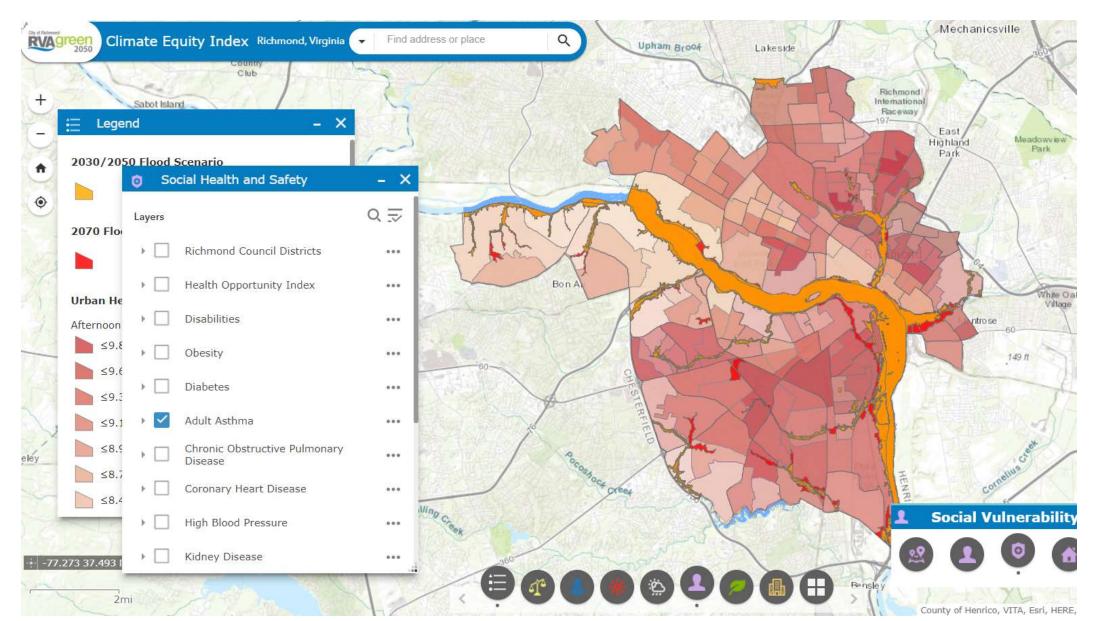


Climate Equity Index



- Poverty
- Age
- Race
- Gender
- Disabilities
- Chronic health conditions
- Mental health
- Household composition
- Working outdoors
- Public assistance income
- Housing characteristics
- Crime
- Education
- Language
- Social isolation
- Employment
- Transportation access
- Air conditioning
- Housing (shelters, group homes)

Climate Equity Index



Climate Vulnerability & Risk Assessment

What action is needed for Richmond to prepare for or adapt to climate change?

Climate Impacts Analysis

What will Richmond's future climate look like?











Vulnerability Analysis

What communities, built assets, and natural resources are **vulnerable** to those climate impacts?



What **risk** do the vulnerable communities, built assets, and natural resources face due to climate impacts? (Economic, ecological, social, cultural, legal, etc.)

Communities, built assets, and natural resources with high vulnerability and high risk are priority planning areas for climate adaptation actions



Engagement Phase 1: Understanding Community Priorities (April – September, 2020)

- Community-wide survey (470+ responses)
- Listening sessions (62)
- Virtual Ambassador Program (34 participants)
- Virtual "office hours"
- Roundtable & Working Groups (134 participants)
- Dedicated website, social media, e-newsletter



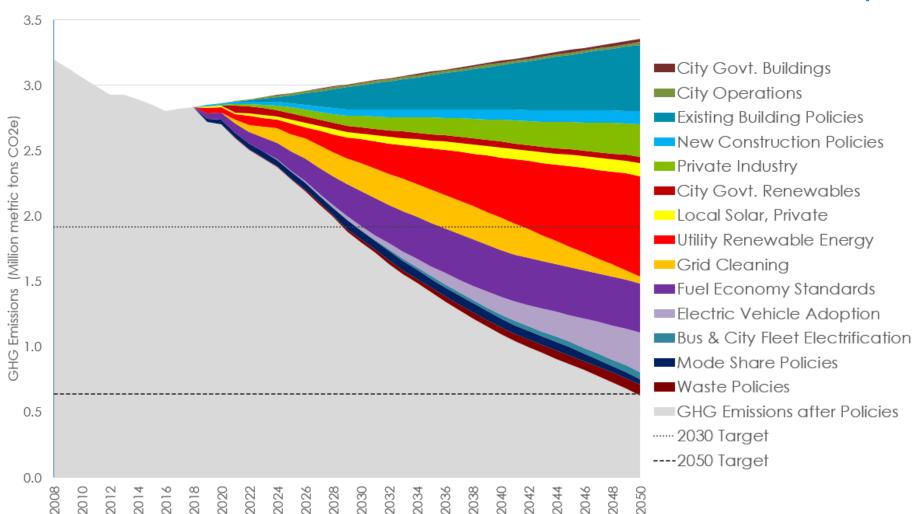
Understanding Community Priorities

The RVAgreen 2050 planning process is centered in equity and the priorities of the Richmond community. What we've heard so far:



GHG Mitigation Modeling

PREVIOUS GHG Reductions for Goal Scenario (80% by 2050)



Technical Modeling Action Matrix: Buildings

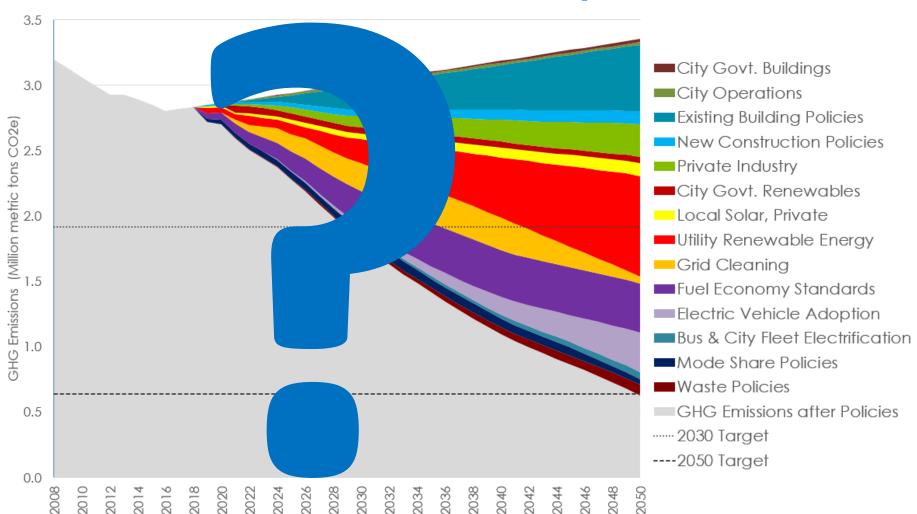
Sector	Action Vedge	Action	Action Short Name	Goal Scenario: GHG Reductions in 2050 (tCO2e	Goal Scenario: Percent Reduction from 2050 BAU	Goal Scenario: Cumulative GHG Reduction Potentia 2020-20!	Goal Scenario: Percent of Cumulative Emissio	Type of Action Modeled	General Action Description	Specific Action by City of Richmond	Metric ▼	Sphere	Co-benefits ▼	Aligned Adaptation Strategies	Estimated Cost	Estimated Benefits	Ease of Implemen- tation	Potential Finance Sources
Buildings	Local Government Buildings	CB.1	Benchmark Local Government Buildings	See CB.3	See CB.3	See CB.3	See CB.3		Benchmark all municipal buildings in ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager, and disclose data. Conduct energy audits on poor performers to identify opportunities for improvement	same	Number of buildings benchmarked, and benchmarking results	Sphere of Control	Better information for action	Conduct resiliency audits to identify climate adaptation and resilience risks and opportunities	No upfront cost, just staff time (estimated to be 0.5-3 hours per building)	Average of 10% energy savings per building; captured within benefits from retrofits (CB.3)	Easy	No added costs
Buildings	Local Government Buildings	CB.2	Develop Energy Retrofit Plan	See CB.3	See CB.3	See CB.3	See CB.3	Not Modeled	Develop Strategic Energy Management Plan for municipal buildings	same	Plan results	Sphere of Control	Better information for action	Include adaptation strategies in plan	If done with an external consultant, \$100,000-300,000, depending on scope.	Not specifically modeled	Easy	Budget Allocation
Buildings	Local Government Buildings	CB.3	Retrofit Government Buildings	23,506	0.7%	325,032	0.7%	Direct Policy Intervention	Retrofit all government buildings for deep energy efficiency over next 30 years, aiming for 50%+ reduction in energy use	same	Government electricity and natural gas use	Sphere of Control		Include resiliency upgrades in building retrofits. Focus especially on supporting community needs through backup generation and community resilience hubs at public spaces.	\$37 million in retrofit costs between 2020-2050	\$105 million in energy savings between 2020- 2050 \$83 million in local economic benefit from existing building activities; Up to 56 jobs per year; \$22 million in avoided carbon costs	Hard	ESCOs, Taxes, Bonds, Green Banks, Energy Efficiency Incentives
Buildings	Local Government Buildings	CB.4	Adopt performance- based procurement for new government facilities	See CB.3	See CB.3	See CB.3	See CB.3	Direct Policy Intervention	Include Performance Based Procurement measures in PFPs for new construction of public buildings and municipal land dispositions, to reward bidders that build high performance buildings (net zero, Passive House, Living Building Challenge)	same	RFPs issued	Sphere of Control	Health benefits from higher performing buildings	Adaptation-focused measures, such as passive survivability, backup generation, and flood control measures can also be included	Net zero energy (NZE) can have 0-5% cost premium on traditional construction; projects using the performance based procurement model have realized net zero at 0%	\$30 million in energy savings from NZE- ready building construction	Easy	N/A - using performance based procurement neutralizes any potential additional costs
Buildings	City Operations	CO.1	Anaerobic Digester Upgrade	16,340	0.5%	450,833	0.9%	Direct Policy Intervention	Wastewater Biodigester: Conduct engineering analysis to expand and upgrade biodigesters so that the biogas output can be used in place of natural gas to produce electricity and thermal energy.	same	Analysis results	Sphere of Control	Reduced local pollution	As part of analysis of wastewater opportunities, analyze risks of flooding and other weather impacts to water/wastewater facilities and infrastructure	Not Calculated	\$31 million in avoided carbon costs	Medium	ESCOs, operating revenue, green bonds
Buildings	City Operations	CU.2	Water and Wastewater Efficiency Upgrades	See CO.1	See CO.1	See CO.1	See CO.1	Direct Policy Intervention	As part of the Strategic Energy Management Plan, identify opportunities to reduce wastewater energy use and install on-site renewable energy	same	Analysis results	Sphere of Control		As part of analysis of wastewater opportunities, analyze risks of flooding and other weather impacts to water/wastewater facilities and infrastructure	Not calculated	Not calculated	Easy	ESCOs, operating revenue, green bonds, energy efficiency incentives
Buildings	City Operations	CO.3	Streetlight Upgrade	2,184	0.1%	54,605	0.1%	Direct Policy Intervention	Replace all city-owned streetlights with LED lights, use direct lumen-for-lumen match to maximize efficiency, and 3000 kelvin or less color temperature to protect human health and wildlife. Explore using public-private partnership to reduce costs.	same	Number of streetlights converted / Streetlight energy use	Sphere of Control	Supports human health and sleep cycles Supports wildlife by not disrupting natural patterns	Install sensors in new streetlights to monitor environmental conditions, and support a smart, connected city	\$7 million to change all City- owned streetlights	\$472,280 savings per year \$12 million savings 2020-2050	Easy	Public-private partnerships, utility funding, green bonds, grants
Buildings	City Operations		Study and Reduce Natural Gas Leakage	Not Modeled	Not Modeled	Not Modeled	Not Modeled	Not Modeled	Conduct study on local and upstream methane leakage	same	Study results	Sphere of Control	Reduced hazards from leakage		Low	N/A	Easy	Utility funds
Buildings	City Operations	CO.5	Account for Natural Gas Leakage in Climate Reporting	Not Modeled	Not Modeled	Not Modeled	Not Modeled	Not Modeled	Incorporate methane leakage into GHG inventories, as fugitive emissions line item, in line with GPC BASIC+	same	Fugitive emissions GHG line item in inventory	Sphere of Control	Better information for action		\$0	N/A	Easy	No added costs
Buildings	Existing Building Actions	EB.1	Private Building Benchmarking	78,580	2.4%	1,899,622	3.9%	Market Transformatio n	All large private buildings annually benchmark their energy use in ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager and report the results to the city, which publishes summary results online.	Lobby General Assembly to adopt legislation enabling local jurisdictions to require energy benohmarking and public disclosure, and adopt local ordinance requiring benohmarking by large private buildings	Short-term: Draft local ordinance to have at the ready in advance of state legislation	Sphere of Influence	Better information for action	Consider requiring or incentivizing resiliency audits to identify climate adaptation and resilience risks and opportunities.	Cost of \$0-\$2000 per year per building.	Average of 10% energy savings per building; captured in retrofit action (EB.2)	Medium	City enforcement fines, with initial support from foundations or general fund budget

Technical Modeling Action Matrix: Energy

Sector	Action Vedge	Action	Action Short Name	Goal Scenario: GHG Reductions in 2050 (tCO2e	Goal Scenario: Percent Reduction from 2050 BAU	Goal Scenario: Cumulative GHG Reduction Potentia 2020-20!	Goal Scenario: Percent of Cumulative Emissio	Type of Action Modeled	General Action Description	Specific Action by City of Richmond	Metric 🔻	Sphere	Co-benefits	Aligned Adaptation Strategies	Estimated Cost	Estimated Benefits	Ease of Implemen- tation	Potential Finance Sources
Clean Energy	Local Government Benewable Energy	RRE.1	Municipal Solar	7,435	0.2%	192,997	0.4%	Direct Policy Intervention	Install solar on municipal buildings to fullest extent possible (including parking lot canopies and solar at water treatment facilities). Recommend issuing RFP for large-scale PPA to achieve low price and large scale. Consider adding battery storage at critical facilities to enable uninterrupted operation.	same	MWs of solar installed on city facilities	Sphere of Control	Demonstrates leadership. Builds local industry for solar installation. Increases resiliency of government buildings in the event of power outages or other climate disruption, both to continue provision of critical services, and to offer community resilience hubs (if battery storage is included). Potential for job creation and	Combine with battery storage to create community resilience hubs	\$23 million over 10 years	\$58 million in economic activity over 10 years; 42 jobs per year during install; 4 jobs annually for O&M	Medium	Power Purchase Agreement (PPA), existing electricity budget
Clean Energy	Local Government Benewable Energy	RRE.2	Municipal Renewable Procurement	38,340	1.1%	1,208,795	2.5%	Direct Policy Intervention	Purchase off-site renewable energy to cover remaining city demand after deployment of city- based solar, after conducting energy efficiency retrofits. Begin by investigating possibility of purchasing through VEGPA.	same	MWh of renewable energy purchased	Sphere of Control	Demonstrates leadership, and expands renewable energy installations statewide. If done through group purchasing, will have spillover effects to additional jurisdictions	Inua	If properly negotiated, PPA may be less expensive than current price of electricity, assuming that city pays standard commercial electricity rate currently	Annual electricity cost savings of "\$4 million/year; \$126 million in avoided electricity costs due to PPA savings 2020-2050; 33 jobs created through indirect and induced benefits of reduced electricity spending; \$86 million in avoided carbon costs	Medium	Power Purchase Agreement, existing electricity budget
Clean Energy	Local Solar	RRE.3	Private Building Solar	98,623	2.9%	1,841,251	3.7%	Sectoral Goal	Install solar across private buildings in Richmond to the greatest economic extent to meet more than 10% of electrical demand city- wide.		MWs of solar installed on private	Sphere of Influence	Increases resilience, especially if paired with battery storage. Improved local air quality. Reduced concerns about fuel supply disruptions. Potential for job creation and economic growth.	Promote battery storage combinations to increase resilience. Ensure ground- mount systems are not in flood zones.	\$7 million per year / approximately \$267 million between now and 2050	\$494 million in economic activity between now and 2050; \$121 million in avoided carbon costs 150 to 190 jobs per year	Medium	Utility incentives, local and federal tax oredits, Power Purchase Agreements, grants, PACE Ioans
Clean Energy	Utilitg- supplied Renewable Energg	SRE.1	State Renewable Policy	769,125	22.9%	10,691,051	21.7%	Sectoral Goal	Make state Renewable Portfolio Standard stronger and mandatory, and continue to put in place strong renewable energy mandates through state energy plans and other state policies.	Adopt local resolution for 100% renewable (or carbon-free) electricity by 2050. Support stronger state Renewable Portfolio Standard and other requirements to provide support to meet this goal.	Grid Fuel Mix	Sphere of Interest	Reduced fossil fuel combustion in region will have positive impacts on air quality, which will improve human health and reduce the negative air quality impacts caused during heat waves.		Cannot be calculated at this time with available data	\$547 million in avoided carbon costs	Medium	PPAs, state financing, cost recovery
Clean Energy	Utility- supplied Renewable Energy	SRE.2	Utility Renewable Purchase Option	See SRE.1	See SRE.1	See SRE.	See SRE.1	Sectoral Goal	Utility bill option for 100% renewable energy	Work with Dominion to support development of regional renewable electricity and ability for City residents and business to buy green power	Grid Fuel Mix, Resident electricity costs	Sphere of Interest	Reduced fossil fuel combustion in region will have positive impacts on air quality, which will improve human health and reduce the negative air quality impacts caused during heat waves; positive equity impacts if electricity costs are reduced		Cannot be calculated at this time with available data	See SRE.1	Hard	PPAs, state financing, cost recovery

Climate and Energy Modeling-2020

GHG Reductions for Net Zero by 2050



Relevant Legislation

- Virginia Clean Economy Act
- Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI)
- ☆ Solar Freedom Act
- Clean Energy Choice Act
- Virginia Energy Plan
- Community Solar Development Pilot Program

What's next...

RVAgreen 2050 Process: Working Groups

Timeline Overview

Nov-Dec 2020 Equity training and foundation-setting Jan-Feb 2021 Drafting strategies

Mar-Apr 2021 Community engagement

May-Aug 2021 Refining strategies and drafting implementation plans

Aug-Sept 2021 Community engagement

Oct-Dec 2021 Finalizing draft plan content

Jan-Feb 2022 Finalizing draft plan content

Feb-Mar 2022 Community engagement

Mar-Apr 2022 Finalizing plan content



Workflow (Nov.-Mar.)

DECEMBER JANUARY - FEBRUARY MARCH - APRIL Racial Equity & RVAgreen 2050 Finalize draft **Environmental** vision and Equity strategies for Justice Tool community input Roundtable goes to working groups goes to Roundtable for for review and input final review Community Meeting #3: Meeting #5: Meeting #4: Meeting #6: Community **Engagement** Refine vision and Draftina Draftina Drafting **Working Group Equity Tool** Strategies Strategies Strategies Phase 2 goes to Community WG for review and input on community priorities **Topical Working** Meeting #3: Meeting #4: Meeting #5: Meeting #6: **Groups** (Buildings Refine vision and Drafting Drafting Draftina & Energy, **Equity Tool** Strategies Strategies Strategies [DATE] Transportation, [DATE] [DATE] [DATE] Waste)



Our task: drafting SMARTIE strategies at the equity-climate action-resilience nexus

Is the strategy...

Strategic?

Measurable?

Ambitious?

Realistic?

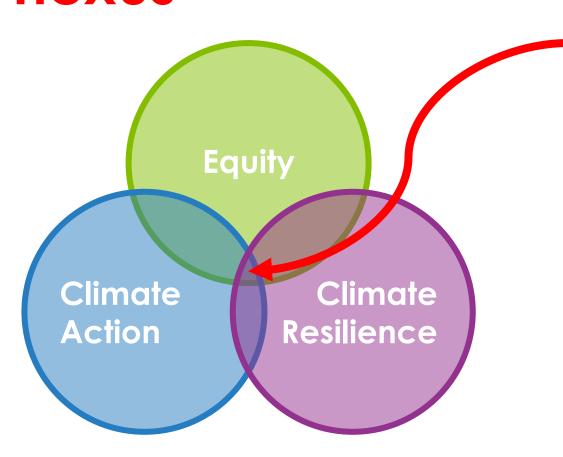
Time-bound?

nclusive?

Equitable?

From SMART	to SMARTIE
Build a volunteer team of 100 door-to-door canvassers by May	with at least 10 people of color recruited as volunteer leaders first, so that they can help shape the way we run the canvasses.

Our task: drafting SMARTIE strategies at the equity-climate action-resilience nexus



Does the strategy:

- 1. Address community priorities?
- 2. Reduce greenhouse gas emissions?
- 3. Increase resilience to climate impacts?

Topics we'll address in this working group

- □ CHP (private industry)
- Building weatherization
- Code enforcement
- □ Streetlight upgrades
- □ EV/Solar readiness requirements
- □ Renewable energy (private vs. municipal)
- Existing building performance codes & standards
- Industrial energy efficiency
- Benchmark private buildings
- Benchmark government buildings

- □ Private building energy retrofits
- Government building energy retrofits
- Water/wastewater efficiency upgrades (including built water/stormwater/wastewater infrastructure)
- Decarbonization through local codes
- □ Performance-based procurement (govt. buildings)
- □ Grid/energy security & resilience
- □ Reduce natural gas leakage
- Green building standards
- □ Anaerobic digester upgrade



Next Steps

Homework!

- Review this presentation and additional information slides
- Explore the shared <u>Google Drive</u>
- Email us: what other information would be helpful?

Next meeting: December 16, 2020

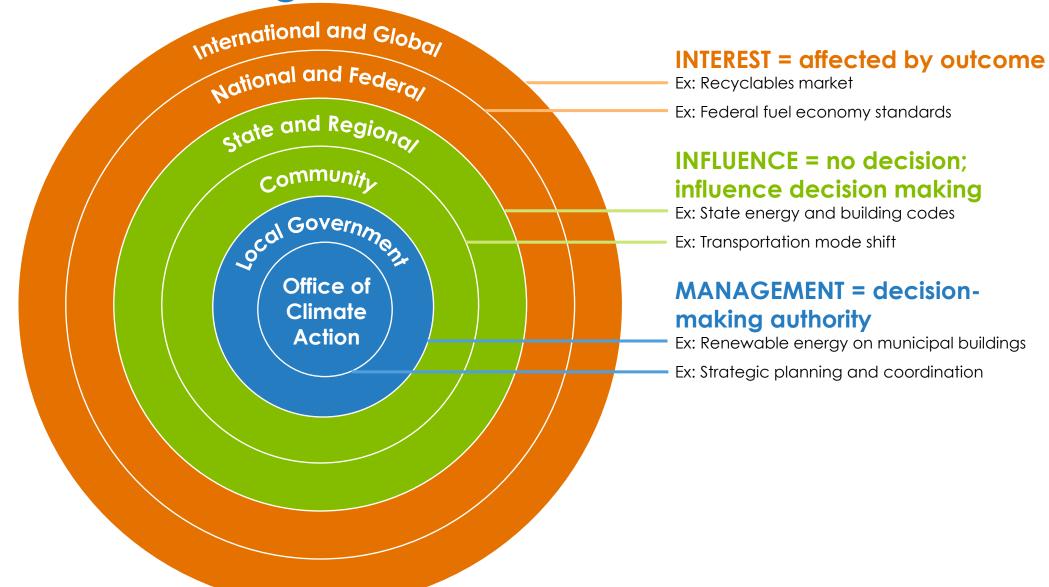
Reviewing RVAgreen 2050 vision and equity tool from Roundtable

Complete this survey-help us improve for next time!

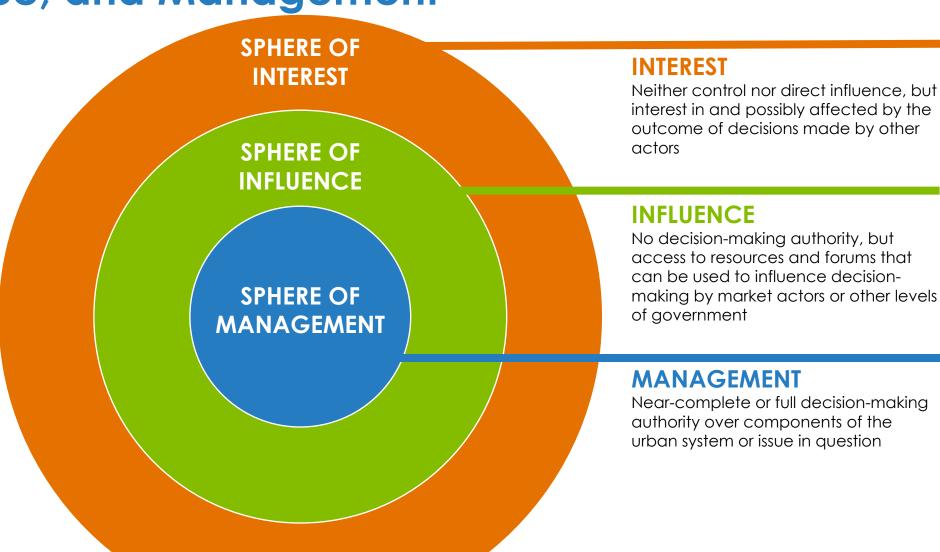
https://forms.gle/wVjr6ZkuHUX1SRzC6

MORE INFORMATION!

Nature of Climate Action Work: Sphere of Interest, Influence, and Management

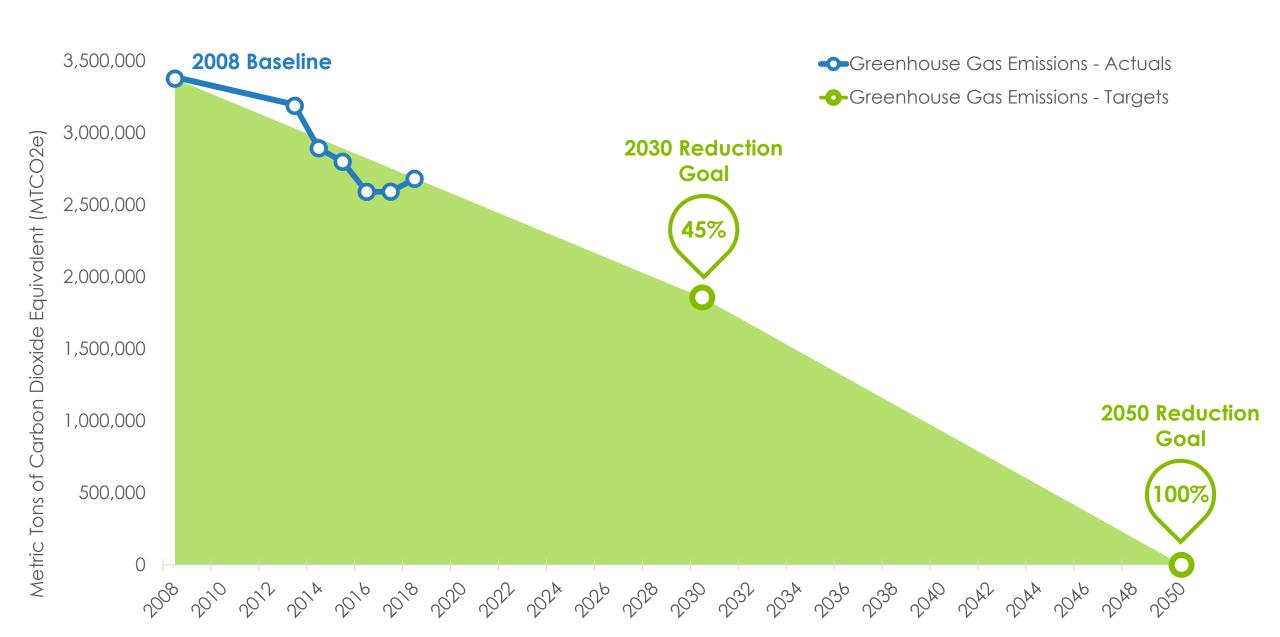


Nature of Climate Action Work: Sphere of Interest, Influence, and Management

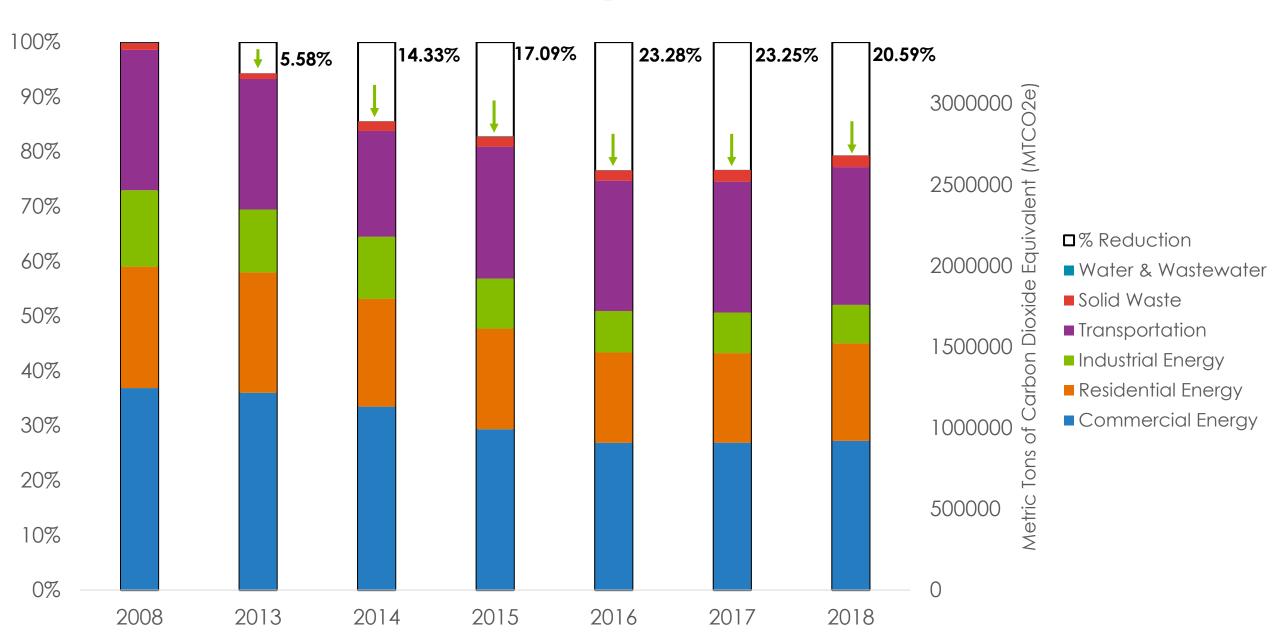


Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory

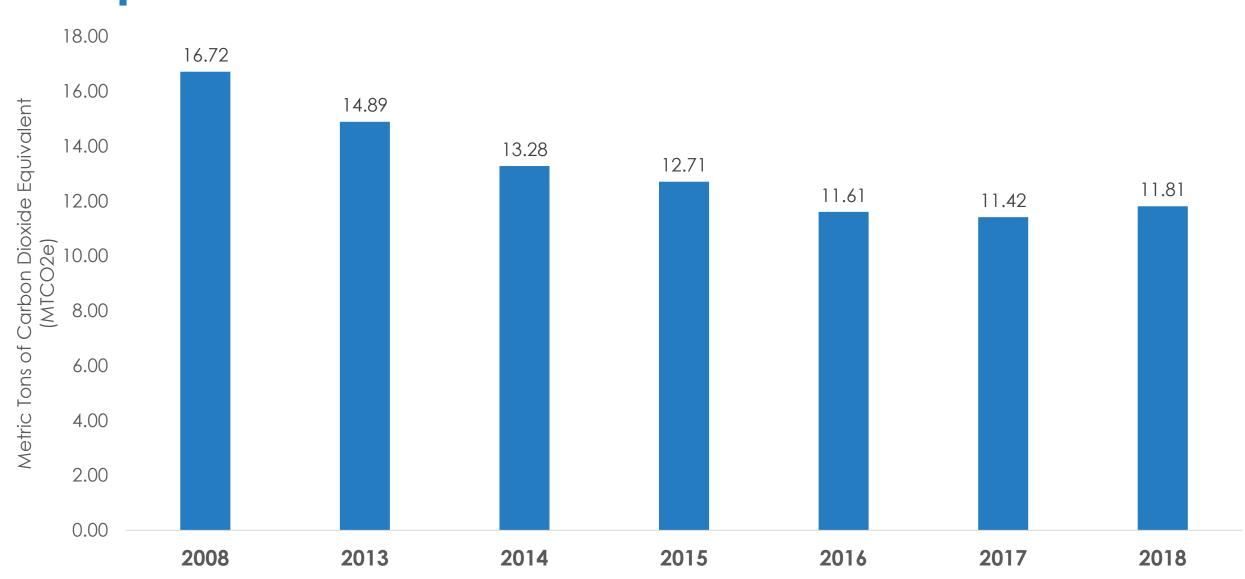
Citywide GHG Emissions and Targets



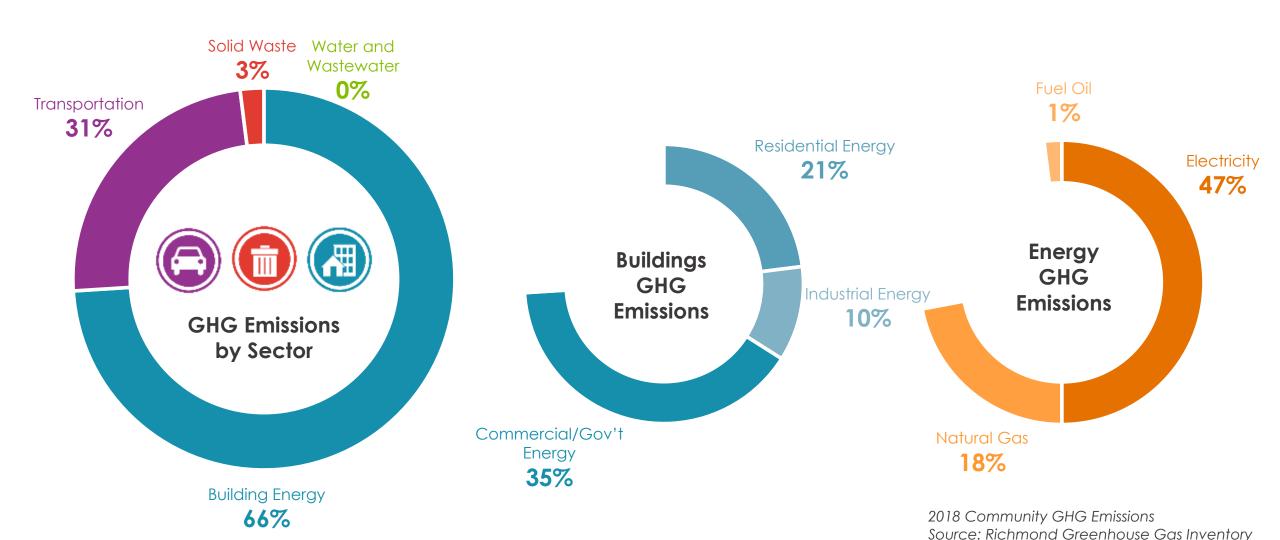
Richmond Community GHG Emissions



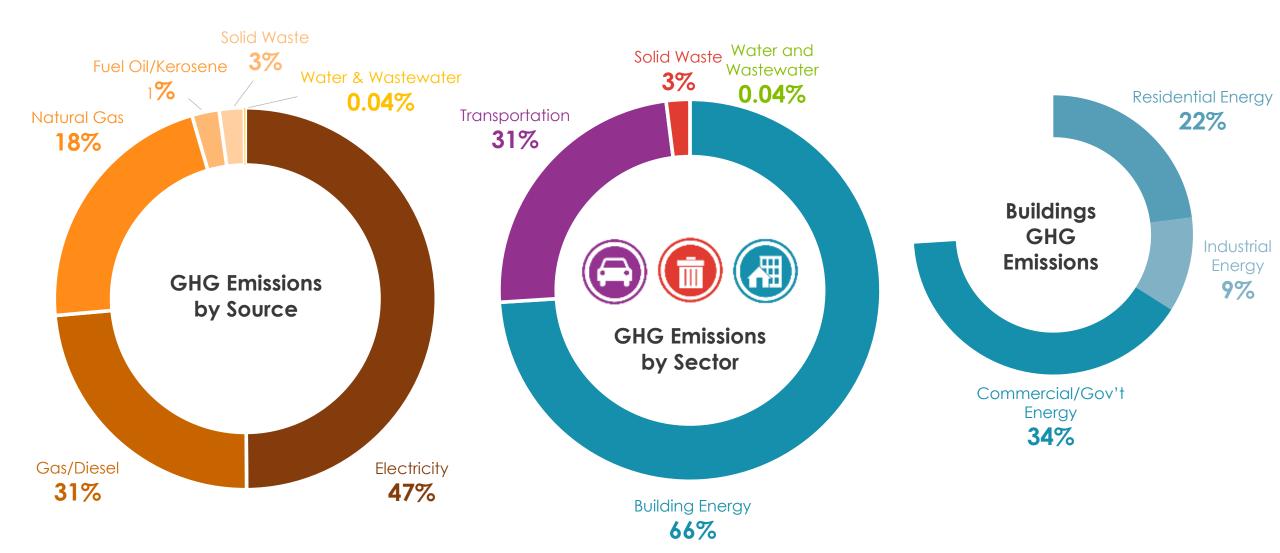
Richmond Community GHG Emissions Per Capita



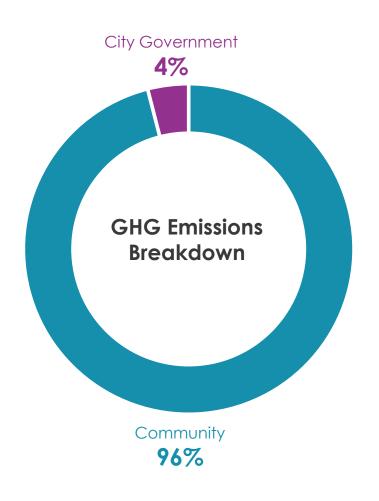
Richmond Community GHG Emissions

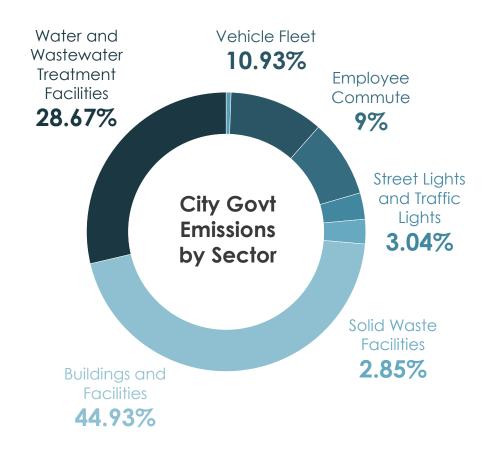


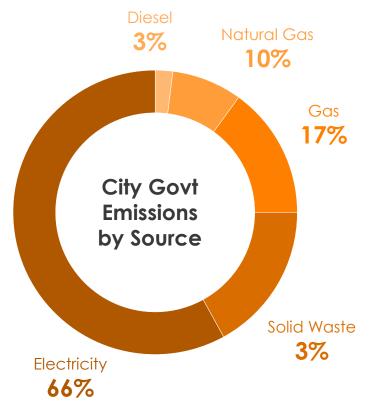
Richmond Community GHG Emissions



Richmond City Government GHG Emissions







Community Survey Results

We will be accepting survey responses throughout the planning process – please share!

English: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/VCNGMMY Spanish: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/TRJSMTC

As of 11/5/2020: 471 responses

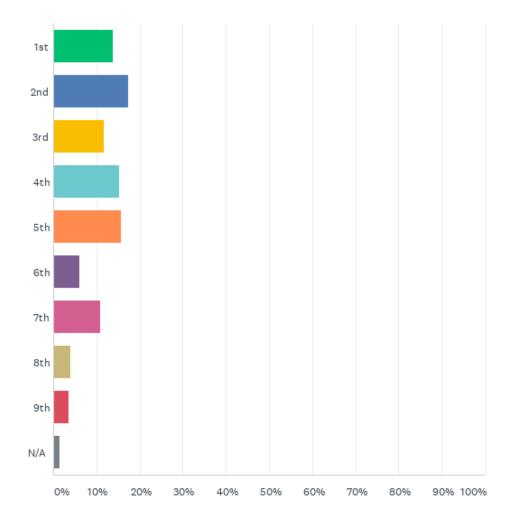
Respondent Demographics

- 17.6% are from the 2nd District
- 37.9% are 30-39 years old
- 65.0% are women
- 83.0% are white
- 99.1% speak English at home
- 80.5% have a bachelor's or higher
- 18.6% earn between \$100,000-\$150,000
- 24.7% have a child in the home
- 65.0% own their home

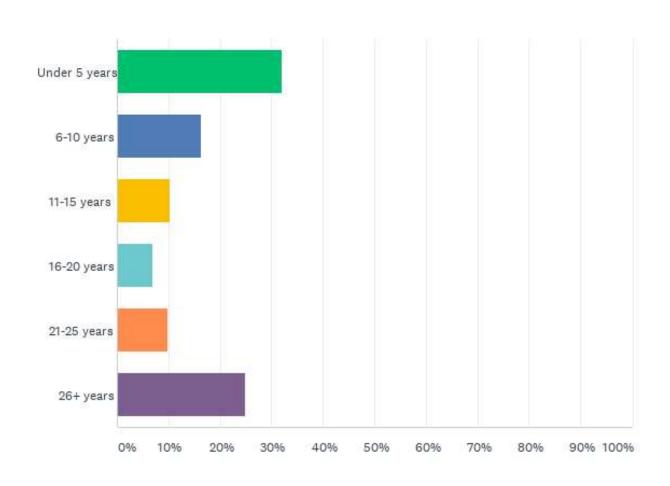
City of Richmond Demographics

- 17.7% are 30-39 years old
- 52.3% are women
- 44.6% are white
- 10.2% speak another language
- 39.3% have a bachelor's or higher
- Median household income \$51,285
- 18.2% have children in the home
- 43.6% own their home

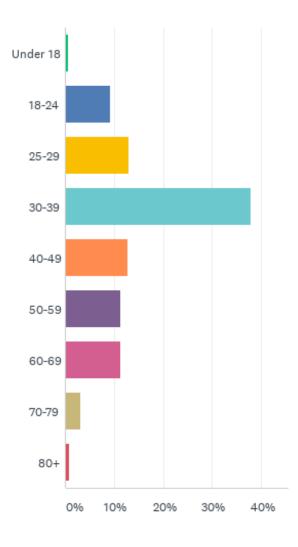
Which City Council district do you live in?



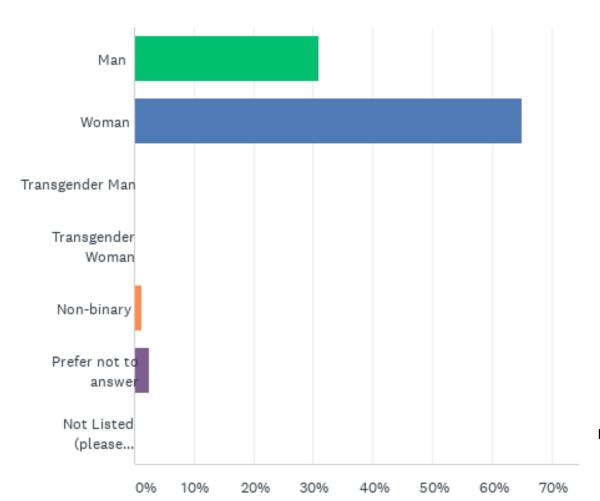
How long have you lived in Richmond?







Gender Identity

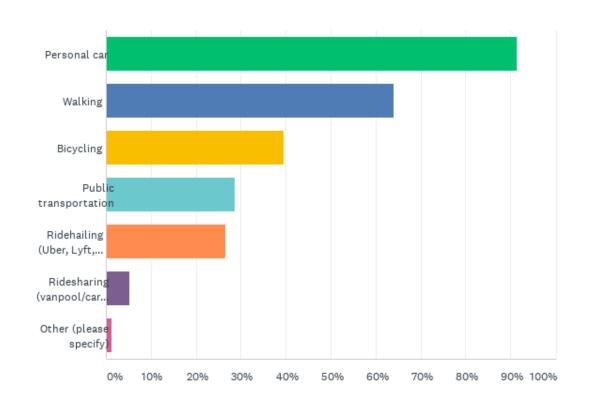


Income



How Do You Get Around Richmond?

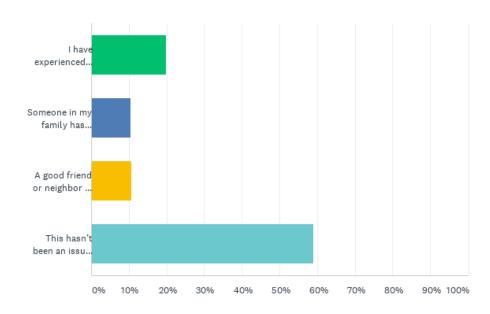
•	Personal Car	91.4%
•	Walking	64.3%
•	Bicycling	39.8%
•	GRTC	29.0%
•	Ride-hailing	26.5%
•	Ride-sharing	5.2%



Environmental Experiences

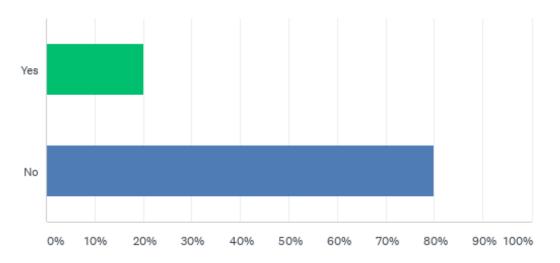
Experienced Extreme Heat?

- 20.1% have experienced
- 20.6% know someone who has experienced
- 59.3% have not experienced



Experienced Flooding?

- 20.4% have experienced
- 79.6% have not experienced



Climate Change Makes Me Feel...

64.2% Motivated

63.0% Angry

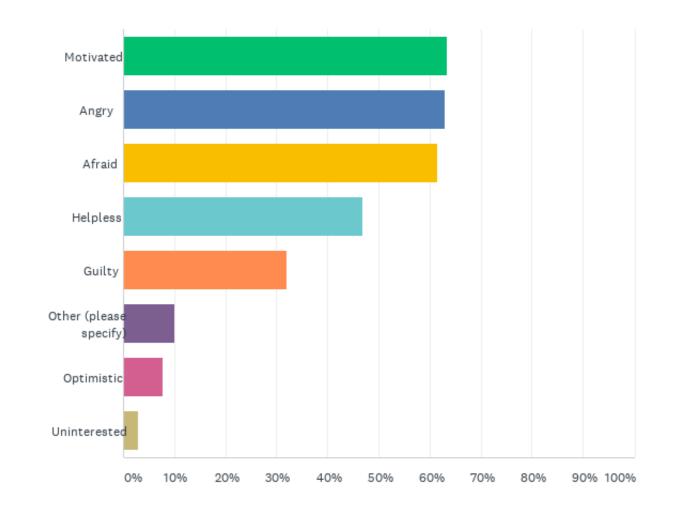
61.4% Afraid

46.5% Helpless

32.1% Guilty

7.9% Optimistic

3.0% Uninterested



Climate Change Impact Concerns

49.0% Extreme Heat

48.7% Health Impacts

44.8% Food Security

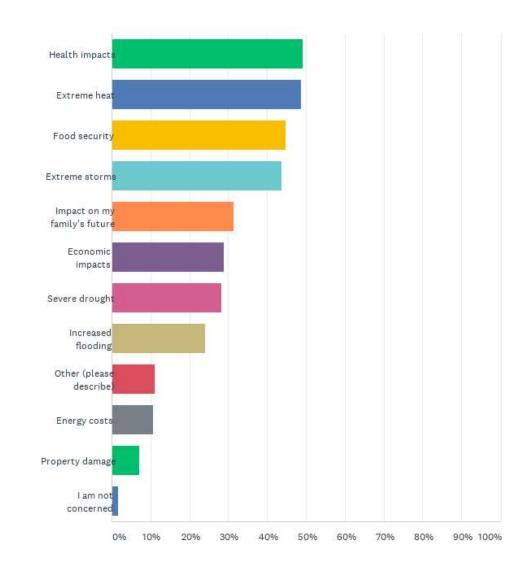
43.6% Extreme Storms

31.3% Impact on Family

29.0% Economic Impacts

27.8% Severe Drought

24.1% Increased Flooding



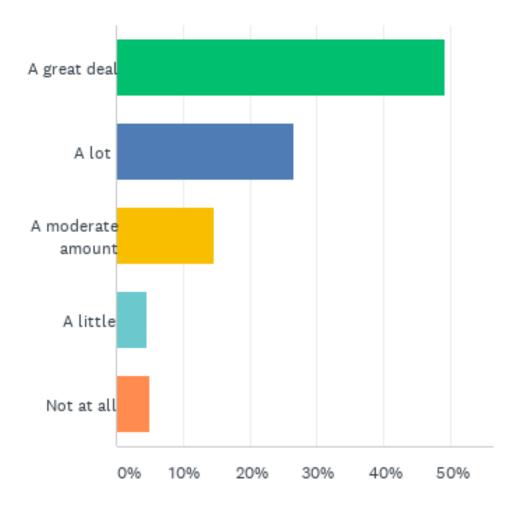
Where Would You Allocate Money?

- 56.5% Affordable and Sustainable Housing
- 50.6% Clean Energy
- 47.8% Trees and Urban Green Spaces
- 47.3% Sustainable Transportation
- 29.7% Waste Reduction
- 26.3% Healthy Food Access
- 22.1% Stormwater Infrastructure
- 19.5% Green Jobs

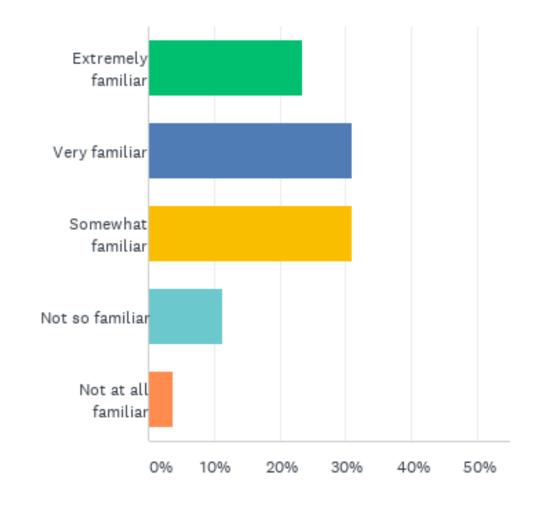
Some Key Takeaways

- 84.5% of respondents believe the largest barrier for addressing climate change is a lack of political support and / or will
- 94.9% of respondents believe are at least a little concerned with environmental justice in Richmond, VA
- 85.0% of respondents are at least somewhat familiar with the goals of environmental justice
- 70.2% of respondents have not participated in a City of Richmond planning process before

Concerned with Environmental Justice in Richmond, VA



Familiar with the Goals of Environmental Justice



Vision of equitable climate action for a healthy and resilient Richmond

implement now trees cars help part renewable energy solutions affordable especially actions go clean energy safe residents efforts including way Work transition creating efficient equitable climate action etc provide issues resources green jobs reduce accessible focus see affordable housing equitable good Improve access easier sustainable recycling green incentives areas use neighborhoods future Richmond education communities local city without need think green spaces investing will government people flood housing home food spaces live problems climate change corporations building support public places changes low-income energy jobs public transportation plan makes lead everyone pollution increased prioritize infrastructure public transit businesses great health kept programs class ensure care transportation private citizens income environment new