RVAgreen 2050 Environment Working Group 1/21/2021

Climate Vulnerability & Risk Assessment





Agenda

- Settling in and ground rules
- How climate change is impacting Richmond
- Climate Vulnerability & Risk Assessment overview
- Activity
- Wrap-up and next steps

Ground Rules / Group Expectations





Your role today

Helping to inform the RVAgreen 2050 Climate Vulnerability and Risk Assessment, a process to identify potential impacts of climate change to Richmond's communities, built assets, and natural resources...

...by participating in a listening process we will guide you through,

...with your knowledge and experience, wherever that comes from!

Climate Change



Climate change is a shift in the long-term, average weather pattern



Human-caused
emissions—especially
from burning fossil
fuels—are driving
climate change















Atmosphere



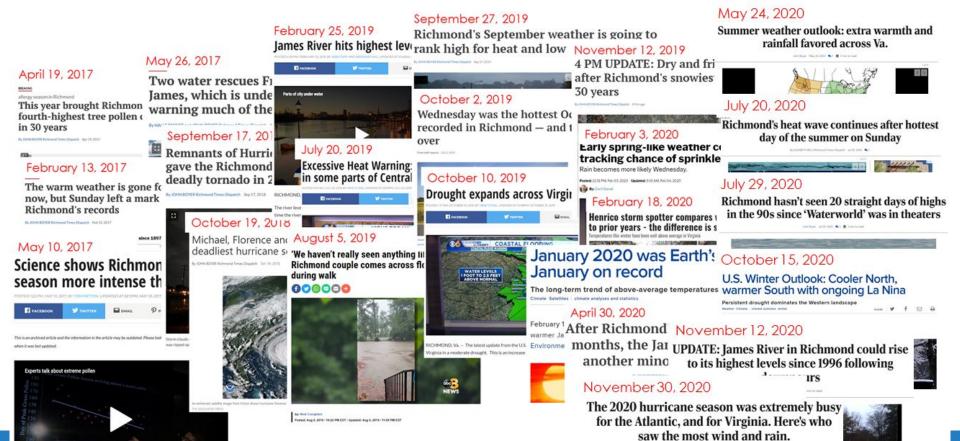




Richmond's Future Weather

	Daily Temperature Maximum	Hot Days	Extended Heat Waves	Days with Over 1" Rainfall
2041-2060	75°F	45	20	8.8
Tomorrow		Above 95-F	3-Day Periods	Per year
1987-2017	70°F	11	3	8.3
Today		Above 95°F	3-Day Periods	Per year
1950-1980 Yesterday	69°F	Above 95•F	3-Day Periods	7.7 Per year

We're Already Seeing Impacts



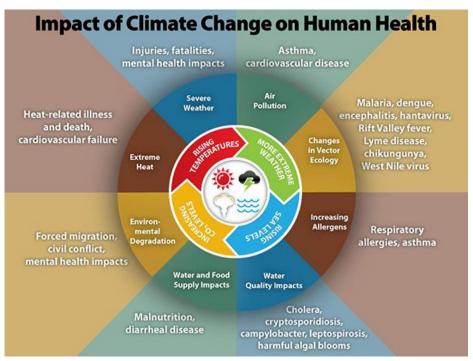
Why does this matter?

Higher food prices/food unavailable

Climate Impacts Climate Shocks Extreme Heat Floods Extreme Precipitation Storms 444 Rising Sea Level Climate Change Risks Community Residents Government Core Services Financial/Credit Risk Injury/death Loss of life Schools closed/disrupted Service delivery delay/disruption Illness/chronic conditions Critical emergency provisions Job disruption/loss Transportation/infrastructure assets Property damage/loss jeopardized (medical, water, food, Property damage/loss damaged/destroyed Displacement shelter, etc.) Communication networks impaired High energy bills Population displacement Strain on financial resources

Population loss

Why does this matter?



Richmond Times-Dispatch

In July, more than 1,000 in Virginia have sought emergency care for heat-related illness

By BRIDGET BALCH Richmond Times-Dispatch Jul 22, 2019 👲 0

Michael, Florence and Alberto made this Virginia's deadliest hurricane season in 15 years



https://www.cdc.gov/climateandhealth/effects/default.htm

What do we do about it?



Understand climate impacts

What will Richmond's weather look like in the future?

Assess potential vulnerabilities and risks

What could happen to Richmond's people, built assets, and natural resources?

Develop strategies to enhance resilience to climate impacts

Todayı

Feh-March

How do we do it?

What are the impacts of climate change?

What is at risk due to these impacts?

What are the vulnerabilities and risks? To answer we need to assess...

Extreme heat

People

Sensitivity: How much would X be affected?

More frequent, intense, and longer heatwaves

Built assets

Adaptive Capacity: Even if X is affected, could it "bounce back"/recover?

More frequent and intense precipitation events

Natural resources

Consequence: If X "failed" due to an impact, what are the repercussions for...

Localized and river flooding

- People, especially those most vulnerable
- Literal costs
- Public safety services
- Economic activities
- Public health
- Natural environment

Probability: *Is X actually in harm's way?*

Example

What are the impacts of climate change?

What is at risk due to these impacts?

What are the vulnerabilities and risks?

Localized and river flooding

Built assets

Sensitivity: How much would X be affected?

Adaptive Capacity:

Even if X is affected, could it "bounce back"/recover?

Consequence: If X "failed" due to an impact, what are the repercussions?

Ex: Tree canopy

- Potentially highly impacted by flooding, moderate impacts from heat?
- Some natural adaptive capacity to both heat and water threats
- Potential high impacts to natural environment
- Moderate impacts to public health and public safety
- Lower impacts to economic activities

Keep in mind...

This is not going to be scientific/perfect

This is a discussion and listening exercise for us!

We want your judgments based on your knowledge and lived experience

We don't have time to get in the weeds with any one area/asset - we can meet 1-1 later to get your valuable input

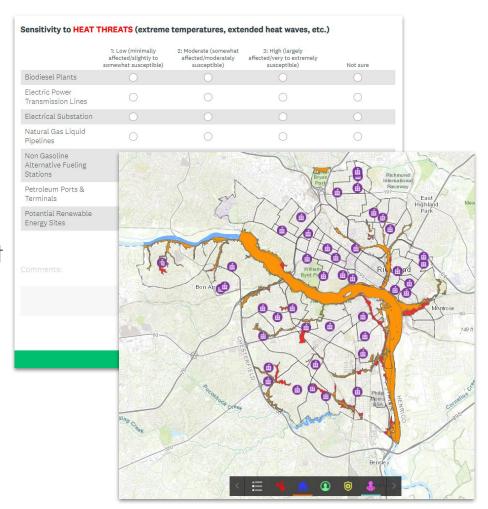
Don't get bogged down by what WILL happen - this is a partially hypothetical exercise

Tools we'll use today

Your feedback tool: SurveyMonkey

Additional resources:

- Process and terms overview (sent via email)
- These slides
- Notetaker spreadsheet
- Asset and impacts maps



How does this fit into the process?

RVAgreen 2050...

with inputs/tools for each element... in addition to...



Equity

is at the nexus of...

Climate Action

Climate Resilience

- Climate Equity Index
- Training and capacity building
- Community priorities
- Equity Screening Tool
- Greenhouse gas inventories
- Richmond 300 actions
- Best practices and examples
- Greenlink GHG emissions modeling
- Climate change impacts data
- Richmond 300 actions
- Best practices and examples
- Climate Vulnerability & Risk Assessment

Your knowledge and lived experience





RVAgreen 2050 Plan!



Questions?

Activity Overview

Vulnerability = Sensitivity x Adaptive Capacity **Risk** = Probability x Consequence

City staff are conducting a detailed evaluation of the Probability of climate change impacts to hundreds of systems/assets.

But we need your expertise to assess the other elements of vulnerability...

- Sensitivity
- Adaptive Capacity
- Consequence

Looking at climate impacts over next 50+ years....

- Heat Threats
- Water Threats

For a series of asset groups: road, transit/rail, bike/pedestrian, and marine/air

Activity Goals

- Key Goals: Provide insight on...
 - Sensitivity and adaptive capacity of systems/assets to climate impacts
 - Level of consequence of <u>chronic stress</u> and <u>acute shocks</u>
 - Community <u>Vulnerabilities</u> and <u>Strenaths</u>
 - Think about physical assets but also people

Additional Outcomes:

- Mutual knowledge exchange
- Prioritize systems/assets to address with adaptation <u>strategies</u>
- Identify potential <u>co-benefits</u> of adaptation
- Identify key <u>actors</u> to address the risk
- Think about how future planning and climate adaptation affects your work and your constituents

BREAK! (5 minutes)

Where we're going next: breakout groups

Breakout Group #1

Introductions

- Name
- Organization

Environment Asset Types

Туре	Description
Stormwater and Sewer Infrastructure	 Wastewater Treatment Plant Stormwater outfalls (discharge points), pump stations, and pipes Sewer outfalls (discharge points), pump stations, and pipes Dams
Water Infrastructure	 Water pipes <u>Water Treatment Plant</u>
Trees and Vegetation	 Tree canopy (street trees and other trees) Vegetation/pervious surface cover
Protected Areas and Habitats	 Chesapeake Bay Protection Areas: Designated as having an impacting on or draining to the Chesapeake Bay. These areas are divided into area buffer areas, the Resource Management Area (RMA) and the Resource Protection Area (RPA). Creeks, lakes, and other water bodies James River and islands Terrestrial habitat
Green/Community Spaces	 Parks and public green spaces Community gardens Cemeteries

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Part I: Sensitivity

Sensitivity is the degree to which the functionality of a system/asset is affected by a specific climate impact. Sensitivity of a particular asset will be different depending on the treat (we will consider heat vs. water threats).

Consider:

- How are the climate impacts currently stressing the asset?
 - Example: Currently impacted by intense rainstorms.
- How might climate impacts stress the component in the future?
 - Example: Flooding might occur more frequently due to increased rain intensity.
- Assuming NO ACTION, how might climate impacts further stress this asset?
 - Example: It might result in more localized flooding because stormwater will be unable to enter an already flooded drainage system.

Scoring:

- 3: High System/asset will be largely affected by climate-related impacts; is very to extremely susceptible by 2050
- 2: Moderate System/asset will be somewhat affected by climate-related impacts; is moderately susceptible by 2050
- 1: Low System/asset will be minimally affected by climate-related impacts; is slightly to somewhat susceptible by 2050

Part II: Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is the ability of a system/asset to respond and recover effectively in the face of climate change impacts. Adaptive capacity of a particular asset will be different depending on the treat (we will consider heat vs. water threats).

Consider: If this asset were to be impacted by extreme heat or flooding, can the infrastructure adjust to the climate threat with no modification or cost or would it require substantial modification or cost?

Scoring:

- 3: High Mostly or entirely able to accommodate or adjust to projected changes in climate; can adjust to threat with no to slight modification and minimal cost
- 2: Moderate Somewhat able to accommodate or adjust to projected changes in climate; can adjust to threat with some modification and cost
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Part III: Consequence

Consequence is the magnitude of the repercussions associated with **system/asset failure** in the event of a climate impact.

Area of service loss: What geographic area will be impacted? How large is the area?

Duration of service loss: How long will it take to bring the asset back "online?"

Cost of damage: What is the literal cost of the damage to the asset?

Public safety: What are the impacts to the well-being of residents, workforce, and visitors with regard to safety from physical threats such as storms or flooding?

Economic activities: What are the impacts to government infrastructure or public services, including damage to city-owned assets or financial burdens associated with asset repair or increased maintenance? This takes into account city-wide economic consequences to local business and tourism, as relates to loss of public services.

Public health: What are the impacts to the well-being of residents, workforce, and visitors with regard to health impacts from threats such as heat stress, discomfort (energy demand), water quality, air quality, and disease?

Vulnerable populations: What are the impacts to historically disenfranchised communities that are *already* disproportionately affected by inequities, including Black and African American, Hispanic, Latino, lower-income, and others?

Natural environment: What are the impacts to natural resources including water, land, tree canopy and vegetation, and animal habitat?

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Consequence Score	Area of service loss	9.0	Cost of damage	catety		to public		Impacts to natural environment
3 - High	2 or more council districts	> / days	> \$1141	High	High	High	High	High
2 - Moderate	1 council district	1 - 7 days	\$\$ \$100k-\$1M	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
1 - Low	Neighborhood (not an entire district)	< 1 day	\$ <\$100k	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

PARKING LOT

Breakout Group #2

Introductions

- Name
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PARKING LOT

Leave breakout groups

Reflection IF TIME ALLOWS

What is the greatest vulnerability or risk you see related to your work / what is your top priority concern?



Wrap-up and next steps

- Homework: Send us any additional thoughts or questions via email
- Next meeting: Monday, February 8 1 p.m.
- NOW:
 - Hit "done" on SurveyMonkey
 - Fill out feedback survey
 - Share updates, upcoming events, and resources in the chat

Reference Slides

Guiding Questions - Your Perspective

- What changes to Richmond's climate have you noticed?
- 2. Who are your constituents? Who do you serve through your work?
- 3. How does your work help create a stronger or healthier community?
- 4. How might climate change impact your constituents and/or your ability to serve them?
- 5. What is the greatest vulnerability or risk you see related to your work?
- 6. What is your top priority concern?

Guiding Questions - Infrastructure

- 1. What are the strengths of an asset, system, or community in facing climate impacts?
 - (e.g. past investment, current plans, location)
- 2. What makes a particular asset, system, or community particularly vulnerable?
 - (e.g. location, age, codes and regulation, deferred maintenance)
- 3. Where has investment been ongoing? Where has maintenance/investment been deferred?
- 4. Which assets will be even more important (or less important) in a low-carbon future?
- 5. What other systems rely on an asset and could also fail if the asset is negatively impacted?

Guiding Questions - Social / Equity

- 1. How do chronic stresses degrade the ability of communities and networks to adapt?
- 2. What are the population characteristics of the people living in high-risk areas?
- 3. What are the strengths and vulnerabilities of people in your community?
- 4. How can hazards intensify these characteristics?
- 5. Where are areas for improvement in the community in adapting to climate change?
- 6. Which populations are most negatively impacted by a vulnerability or a potential failure?

Guiding Questions - Natural Resources

- 1. Which natural resources are most important to your constituents?
- 2. What benefits do these natural resources provide?
- 3. How can natural resources and help buffer or limit Richmond's vulnerabilities? (e.g. storm buffering, fire breaks, erosion control, water quality, slope stabilization, recreation)
- 4. What have been the effects of these hazards on these natural resources in the past?
- 5. Which natural resources are most exposed to current and future hazards?